

Financial Statements

With Auditor's Report June 30, 2023

NORTH OGDEN CITY BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

Together with Independent Auditor's Report

NORTH OGDEN CITY TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4
Basic Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	12
Statement of Activities	14
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	15
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position	16
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	17
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	18
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds	19
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – Proprietary Funds	21
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	22
Notes to Basic Financial Statements	23
Required Supplementary Information:	
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	50
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – General Fund	51
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – RDA\CDA	52
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Aquatic Center	53
Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	54
Schedule of Contributions	56
Supplementary Information:	
Combining Balance Sheet – Capital Projects Funds	58
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	50

NORTH OGDEN CITY TABLE OF CONTENTS (Continued)

Combining Statement of Net Position – Internal Service Funds	60
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – Internal Service Funds	61
Combining Statement of Cash Flows – Internal Service Funds	62



RANDEL A HEATON, CPA LYNN A. GILBERT, CPA JAMES A. GILBERT, CPA BEN H PROBST, CPA RONALD J. STEWART, CPA

SIDNEY S. GILBERT, CPA JAMES E. STEWART, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council North Ogden, Utah

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of North Ogden City, Utah (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of June 30, 2023 and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, , thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our objectives to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements. In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information, and the required supplementary information regarding pensions, as noted in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.

We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements.

The budgetary comparison and combining statements, as listed as supplemental information in the table of contents is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, budgetary comparison is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 12, 2023, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Gilbert & Stewart

GILBERT & STEWART, CPA, PC Provo, Utah December 12, 2023

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This discussion and analysis of North Ogden City's financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. This report is in conjunction with the City's financial statements.

The purpose of the City is to provide general services to its residents which includes general government, public safety, public health, highways and public improvements, and parks and recreation.

Financial Highlights

• The assets and deferred outflows of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows as of the close of the most recent year. Of this amount, the unrestricted net position in the governmental funds and in the business-type funds may be used to meet the governments ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	\$ 146,988,791
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows	\$ 21,247,232
Net Position	\$ 125,741,559
Governmental Activities - Unrestricted Net Position	\$ 5,431,073
Business-type Activities - Unrestricted Net Position	\$ 6,740,093

• The government's total net position changed as indicated below.

Increase (Decrease) in Total Net Position \$ 11,482,388

• At the close of the current year, the governmental funds reported ending fund balances as noted below. The Unassigned Fund Balance is available for spending at the city's discretion.

Governmental Funds		Percentage
Nonspendable	\$ 116,099	0.53%
Restricted Fund Balance	12,067,799	54.81%
Committed Fund Balance	176,214	0.80%
Assigned Fund Balance	6,150,133	27.93%
Unassigned Fund Balance	 3,505,898	15.92%
Total Governmental Funds, Fund Balance	\$ 22,016,143	

• At the end of the current year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was as follows:

General Fund Unassigned Fund Balance \$ 3,505,898 (As a percent of total General Fund Expenditures) 41.13%

• The City's total debt and lease liability changed as indicated below. The decrease was due to payments in the current year exceeding the amount of the new lease agreement entered into.

Increase (Decrease) in total debt and lease liabilities \$ (247,233)

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements; 2) fund financial statements; and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the City's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows and net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, streets and road, parks and recreation, and economic development. In addition, the internal service funds are included in the governmental activities. The business-type activities of City are the water, sewer, storm water, and solid waste.

Refer to the table of contents for the location of the government-wide financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statement, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balance of spendable resources available at the end of the year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund Balance Sheet and the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains four governmental funds: 1) General Fund, which is always a major fund; 2) RDA/CDA Special Revenue Fund; 3) Aquatic Center Special Revenue Fund; 4) Capital Projects Fund.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for all its governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided to demonstrate legal compliance with the adopted budget for the General Fund and major Special Revenue Funds.

Refer to the table of contents for the location of the basic governmental fund financial statements.

Proprietary Funds

The City maintains four proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses Enterprise funds to account for its 1) water operations; 2) sewer operations; 3) storm water operations and 4) the solid waste operations. In addition, the City reports the internal service motor pool funds as Proprietary Funds. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. All of these funds are considered major funds of the City.

Refer to the table of contents for the location of the basic proprietary fund financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes are part of the basic financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets exceeded liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year as indicated below.

Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	\$ 146,988,791
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows	\$ 21,247,232
Net Position	\$ 125,741,559

By far the largest portion of the City's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, equipment and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

North Ogden City's Net Position

	Government	tal Activities	Business-type Activities		Activities Total	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 28,537,075 55,869,878	\$ 30,208,054 46,705,812	\$ 13,167,819 48,159,963	\$ 12,436,800 44,329,989	\$ 41,704,894 104,029,841	\$ 42,644,854 91,035,801
Capital assets	33,809,878	40,703,812	40,139,903	44,329,969	104,029,041	91,033,601
Total assets	84,406,953	76,913,866	61,327,782	56,766,789	145,734,735	133,680,655
Deferred outflows of resources	1,065,761	807,918	188,295	126,414	1,254,056	934,332
Long-term liabilities Other liabilities	10,084,513 3,937,969	9,336,099 2,666,396	104,513 3,331,832	40,980 1,848,178	10,189,026 7,269,801	9,377,079 4,514,574
Total liabilities	14,022,482	12,002,495	3,436,345	1,889,158	17,458,827	13,891,653
Deferred inflows of resources	2,674,805	4,949,784	1,113,600	1,514,379	3,788,405	6,464,163
Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	51,276,555 12,067,799 5,431,073	45,599,073 14,378,276 792,156	47,048,119 3,177,920 6,740,093	43,188,334 3,177,920 7,123,412	98,324,674 15,245,719 12,171,166	88,787,407 17,556,196 7,915,568
Total net position	\$ 68,775,427	\$ 60,769,505	\$ 56,966,132	\$ 53,489,666	\$ 125,741,559	\$114,259,171

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities changed the City's net position as noted below.

Prior year Governmental Activities Net Position	\$ 60,769,505
Current year Governmental Activities Net Position	\$ 68,775,427

Key elements of this change are as follows:

North Ogden City's Changes in Net Position

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-type Activities		To	Total	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	
Revenues:							
Program Revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 1,651,972	\$ 1,697,579	\$ 7,570,473	\$ 7,254,619	\$ 9,222,445	\$ 8,952,198	
Operating grants and contributions	1,215,881	1,071,576	-	-	1,215,881	1,071,576	
Capital grants and contributions	5,022,347	3,009,687	3,089,602	1,101,998	8,111,949	4,111,685	
General Revenues:							
Property taxes	3,647,395	2,854,125	-	-	3,647,395	2,854,125	
Sales taxes	4,929,040	4,687,489	-	-	4,929,040	4,687,489	
Other taxes	1,256,376	1,125,785	-	-	1,256,376	1,125,785	
Other	1,391,035	271,594	599,070	77,816	1,990,105	349,410	
Total revenues	\$ 19,114,046	\$ 14,717,835	\$ 11,259,145	\$ 8,434,433	\$ 30,373,191	\$ 23,152,268	

	Government	al Activities	Business-type Activities		To	tal
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Expenses:						
General government	\$ 1,384,485	\$ 1,451,124	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,384,485	\$ 1,451,124
Public safety	4,709,368	3,735,675	-	-	4,709,368	3,735,675
Streets and roads	2,410,935	1,795,855	-	-	2,410,935	1,795,855
Parks and recreation	2,022,174	1,998,594	-	-	2,022,174	1,998,594
Economic development	383,319	104,436	-	-	383,319	104,436
Interest on long-term debt	196,186	117,164	-	-	196,186	117,164
Water	-	-	2,900,541	2,513,284	2,900,541	2,513,284
Sewer	-	-	2,397,030	2,129,133	2,397,030	2,129,133
Storm water	-	-	1,076,913	1,009,741	1,076,913	1,009,741
Solid waste		-	1,409,852	1,269,950	1,409,852	1,269,950
Total expenses	11,106,467	9,202,848	7,784,336	6,922,108	18,890,803	16,124,956
Increase (decrease) in net position						
before transfers	8,007,579	5,514,987	3,474,809	1,512,325	11,482,388	7,027,312
Transfers	(1,657)		1,657			
Increase (decrease) in net position	8,005,922	5,514,987	3,476,466	1,512,325	11,482,388	7,027,312
Net position - beginning	60,769,505	55,254,518	53,489,666	51,977,341	114,259,171	107,231,859
Net position - ending	\$ 68,775,427	\$ 60,769,505	\$ 56,966,132	\$ 53,489,666	\$ 125,741,559	\$ 114,259,171

For the most part, increases in expenses closely paralleled inflation and growth in the demand for services except for the expenses related to road improvements.

Business-type Activities

Business-type activities changed the City's net position as noted below.

Prior year Business-type Activities Net Position	\$ 53,489,666
Current year Business-type Activities Net Position	\$ 56,966,132

Key elements of the changes are shown above and on the previous page.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. Unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the year.

At the end of the year, the City's governmental funds reported the information at the top of the next page. Unassigned fund balance is available for spending at the City's discretion. The Restricted and Nonspendable Fund Balances are not available for new spending because they have already been restricted or spent as noted below. The Assigned Fund Balance have been assigned as noted below.

Governmental Funds, Fund Balances		Percentage
Nonspendable	\$ 116,099	0.53%
Restricted Fund Balance	12,067,799	54.81%
Committed Fund Balance	176,214	0.80%
Assigned Fund Balance	6,150,133	27.93%
Unassigned Fund Balance	 3,505,898	15.92%
Total Governmental Funds, Fund Balance	\$ 22,016,143	_
		-
Prior years Total Governmental Funds, Fund Balance	\$ 24,189,491	
		Percent Change
Increase (Decrease) in Total Gov Funds, Fund Balance	\$ (2,173,348)	-8.98%
Nonspendable		
Prepaid Expenses	\$ 116,099	
Restricted Fund Balances		
Road improvements	3,033,944	
Unspent bond proceeds	4,739,258	
Impact fees	1,731,464	
Economic development	2,563,133	
Committed Fund Balances		
Aquatic Center	176,214	
Assigned Fund Balances		
Capital projects/debt service	6,150,133	

The General Fund is the chief operating fund. At the end of the current year, Fund Balances are indicated below. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. The in-relation percentages below are the percentage of fund balance compared to the total of the General Fund expenditures.

General Fund, Fund Balances		
Nonspendable	\$ 116,099	1.36%
Restricted Fund Balance	290,484	3.41%
Unassigned Fund Balance	 3,505,898	41.13%
Total General Fund, Fund Balance	\$ 3,912,481	45.90%

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the proprietary funds at the end of the year was shown below. Other factors concerning the finances of these funds has already been addressed in the discussion of business-type activities.

Proprietary Funds, Unrestricted Net Position \$ 6,894,383

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget related to expenditures are noted below:

Increase in general government expenditures due to an increase in emergency management expenditures	\$ 646,000
Increase in public safety and highways and streets expnditures due to an increase for personnel costs	\$ 303,000

A comparison of final budgeted revenues and expenditures to the actual amounts received and spent is below:

	Final Budget			Actual		Variance			
Total Revenues Total Expenditures	\$	11,272,650 9,647,976	_	\$ 11,195,707 8,523,106		\$	(76,943) 1,124,870		
Net Increase (Decrease)	\$	1,624,674		\$ 2,672,601	•	\$	1,047,927		

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2023, is shown below. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, equipment and infrastructure, which includes roads, highways and sidewalks. The total net increase in governmental activities' investment in capital assets for the current year is indicated below. Major capital assets events during the current year included the following:

- Completion of phase 1 of the 400/450 east road project
- Continuing construction of a new public safety building
- Contribution of assets (infrastructure) from completed developments

The City's investment in capital assets for its business-type activities as of June 30, 2023, is shown below. This investment includes water shares, buildings, and improvements other than buildings, such as water and sewer systems.

North Ogden City's Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

	Government	tal Activities	Business-typ	pe Activities	Total			
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022		
Capital assets not being depreciated								
Land and water stock	\$ 11,469,787	\$ 6,205,763	\$ 1,395,180	\$ 3,601,832	\$ 12,864,967	\$ 9,807,595		
Construction in progress	7,420,973	10,095,530	354,208	241,008	7,775,181	10,336,538		
Capital assets being depreciated								
Buildings	16,916,028	16,916,028	418,425	418,425	17,334,453	17,334,453		
Infrastructure	24,747,686	17,394,575	66,849,461	59,435,953	91,597,147	76,830,528		
Park improvements	3,902,580	3,781,384	-	-	3,902,580	3,781,384		
Machinery and equipment	6,111,743	6,064,790	5,344,152	5,291,640	11,455,895	11,356,430		
Leased machinery and equipment	358,898	120,193			358,898			
Total	70,927,695	60,578,263	74,361,426	68,988,858	145,289,121	129,446,928		
Less accumulated								
depreciation and amortization	(15,057,817)	(13,872,451)	(26,201,463)	(24,658,869)	(41,259,280)	(38,531,320)		
Total capital assets, net	\$ 55,869,878	\$ 46,705,812	\$ 48,159,963	\$ 44,329,989	\$ 104,029,841	\$ 90,915,608		

Long-Term Debt

At the end of the current year, the City had total long-term debt outstanding of as noted below.

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total				
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022			
Revenue bonds	\$ 9,084,000	\$ 9,500,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,084,000	\$ 9,500,000			
Financed purchase	-	39,194	-	-	-	39,194			
Lease liability	293,281	85,320	-	-	293,281	85,320			
Net pension liability	1,047,459	-	104,513	-	1,151,972	-			
Compensated absences	439,665	493,805	85,337	102,451	525,002	596,256			
Total	\$ 10,864,405	\$ 10,118,319	\$ 189,850	\$ 102,451	\$ 11,054,255	\$ 10,220,770			

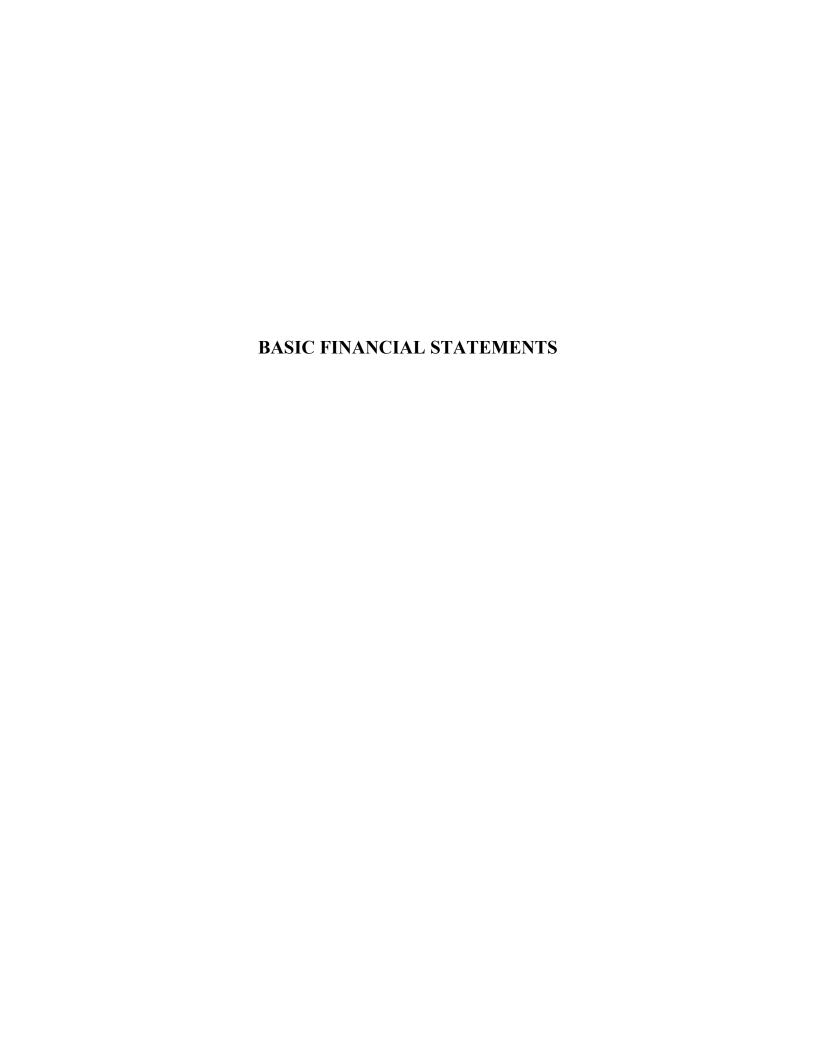
Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in the notes of the financial statements.

Economic Factors

The city continues to approach budgeting revenues and expenditures conservatively and considers regional and national economic forecasts as a component in the budgeting process, along with long-term capital plans. During fiscal year 2023, sales tax revenues remained steady at an increase of 5% over last year. Building permit revenue decreased by 24% compared to the previous year, and the city expects slow growth for fiscal year 2024. On August 9, 2022, the city held a truth-in-taxation hearing, and Council subsequently approved a property tax revenue increase of 24.5%. Other rates and fees remained constant for fiscal year 2023.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the North Ogden City Finance Director, 505 East 2600 North, North Ogden Utah 84414.



NORTH OGDEN CITY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2023

	G	overnmental Activities	В	usiness-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	12,353,495	\$	8,746,409	\$ 21,099,904
Accounts receivable, net		2,674,314		677,977	3,352,291
Intergovernmental receivables		973,795		51,904	1,025,699
Inventory		42,282		86,154	128,436
Prepaid expenses		116,099		7,813	 123,912
Total current assets		16,159,985		9,570,257	 25,730,242
Non-current assets:					
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		11,720,838		3,751,852	15,472,690
Restricted receivables		501,962		-	501,962
Internal Balances		154,290		(154,290)	-
Capital assets:					
Not being depreciated		18,890,760		1,749,388	20,640,148
Net of accumulated depreciation and amortization		36,979,118		46,410,575	83,389,693
Total non-current assets		68,246,968		51,757,525	 120,004,493
Total assets		84,406,953		61,327,782	 145,734,735
Deferred outflows of resources:					
Pensions		1,065,761		188,295	 1,254,056
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	85,472,714	\$	61,516,077	\$ 146,988,791

NORTH OGDEN CITY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (Continued) June 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RES	SOURCES:		
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 1,643,880	\$ 755,846	\$ 2,399,726
Accrued liabilities	712,333	90,863	803,196
Payable from restricted assets	5,276	51,560	56,836
Accrued interest payable	33,540	-	33,540
Unearned revenue	98,198	2,340,896	2,439,094
Performance bonds and deposits	664,850	7,330	672,180
Compensated absences, current portion	299,031	85,337	384,368
Lease liability, current portion	76,861	-	76,861
Bonds payable, current portion	404,000		404,000
Total current liabilities	3,937,969	3,331,832	7,269,801
Non-current liabilities:			
Compensated absences, non-current portion	140,634	-	140,634
Lease liability, non-current portion	216,420	-	216,420
Bonds payable, non-current portion	8,680,000	-	8,680,000
Net pension liability	1,047,459	104,513	1,151,972
Total non-current liabilities	10,084,513	104,513	10,189,026
Total liabilities	14,022,482	3,436,345	17,458,827
Deferred inflows of resources:			
Deferred property tax revenue	2,650,315	-	2,650,315
Pensions	24,490	1,756	26,246
System agreements		1,111,844	1,111,844
Total deferred inflows of resources	2,674,805	1,113,600	3,788,405
NET POSITION:			
Net investment in capital assets	51,276,555	47,048,119	98,324,674
Restricted for: Road improvements	3,033,944	3,177,920	6,211,864
Unspent bond proceeds	4,739,258	3,177,720	4,739,258
Impact fees	1,731,464	_	1,731,464
Economic development	2,563,133	_	2,563,133
Unrestricted	5,431,073	6,740,093	12,171,166
Total net position	68,775,427	56,966,132	125,741,559
Total Liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,			
and net position	\$ 85,472,714	\$ 61,516,077	\$ 146,988,791

NORTH OGDEN CITY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

			Program Revenue	S	Net (Expense) Re	evenue & Changes	in Net Position
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS:							
Primary government:							
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 1,384,485	\$ 305,588	\$ 14,062	\$ -	\$ (1,064,835)	\$ -	\$ (1,064,835)
Public safety	4,709,368	502,264	125,170	-	(4,081,934)	-	(4,081,934)
Streets and roads	2,410,935	251,456	1,018,840	4,455,751	3,315,112	-	3,315,112
Parks and recreation	2,022,174	592,664	57,707	566,596	(805,207)	-	(805,207)
Economic development	383,319	-	102	-	(383,217)	-	(383,217)
Interest on long-term debt	196,186				(196,186)		(196,186)
Total governmental activities:	11,106,467	1,651,972	1,215,881	5,022,347	(3,216,267)		(3,216,267)
Business-type activities:							
Water	2,900,541	2,504,641	-	1,168,606	-	772,706	772,706
Sewer	2,397,030	2,584,438	-	888,768	-	1,076,176	1,076,176
Storm water	1,076,913	1,104,571	-	1,032,228	-	1,059,886	1,059,886
Solid waste	1,409,852	1,376,823				(33,029)	(33,029)
Total business-type activities	7,784,336	7,570,473		3,089,602		2,875,739	2,875,739
Total primary government	\$ 18,890,803	\$ 9,222,445	\$ 1,215,881	\$ 8,111,949	(3,216,267)	2,875,739	(340,528)
		General Reven	ues:				
		Property taxes			3,647,395	-	3,647,395
		Sales tax			4,929,040	-	4,929,040
		Other taxes			1,256,376	-	1,256,376
		Unrestricted in	vestment earnings		963,871	373,950	1,337,821
		Gain on sale of	capital assets		366,758	130,123	496,881
		Miscellaneous			60,406	94,997	155,403
		Transfers			(1,657)	1,657	
		Total genera	l revenues and tran	sfers	11,222,189	600,727	11,822,916
		Change in net p	oosition		8,005,922	3,476,466	11,482,388
		Net position - beg	ginning		60,769,505	53,489,666	114,259,171
		Net position - e	nding		\$ 68,775,427	\$ 56,966,132	\$ 125,741,559

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

NORTH OGDEN CITY BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2023

			Special Revenue									Total
]	RDA/CDA		Aquatic	De	bt Service		Capital	Go	vernmental
	Ge	eneral Fund		Funds		Center		Fund	Pro	ojects Funds		Funds
ASSETS:												
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,699,991	\$	-	\$	249,843	\$	1	\$	7,877,197	\$	11,827,032
Receivables:												
Property taxes		2,535,667		-		-		-		-		2,535,667
Due from other governments		973,795		-		-		-		-		973,795
Other		-		-		61,690		-		29,890		91,580
Prepaid expenses		116,099		-		-		-		-		116,099
Restricted assets:		54.005		2.550.000						0.106.100		11.720.020
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		54,825		2,559,890		-		-		9,106,123		11,720,838
Restricted receivables	_	240,273	_	153,496				-		108,193		501,962
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	7,620,650	\$	2,713,386	\$	311,533	\$	1	\$1	17,121,403	\$2	27,766,973
LIABILITIES:												
Accounts payable	\$	184,106	\$	-	\$	58,172	\$	_	\$	1,391,090	\$	1,633,368
Accrued liabilities		319,986		-		39,161		-		339,676		698,823
Payable from restricted assets		4,614		528		-		-		134		5,276
Customer and developer deposits		647,003		-		-		-		17,847		664,850
Unearned revenue		51,870	_	-		37,986		-		8,342		98,198
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,207,579		528		135,319		-		1,757,089		3,100,515
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:												
Deferred property tax revenue		2,500,590	_	149,725		-		-				2,650,315
FUND BALANCES:												
Nonspendable:												
Prepaid assets		116,099		-		-		-		-		116,099
Restricted for:												
Road improvements		290,484		-		-		-		2,743,460		3,033,944
Unspent bond proceeds		-		-		-		-		4,739,258		4,739,258
Impact fees		-		-		-		-		1,731,464		1,731,464
Economic development		-		2,563,133		-		-		-		2,563,133
Committed for:												
Aquatic center		-		-		176,214		-		-		176,214
Assigned for:												
Capital projects/debt service		-		-		-		1		6,150,132		6,150,133
Unassigned		3,505,898				-		-		-		3,505,898
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		3,912,481		2,563,133		176,214		1	_1	15,364,314	2	22,016,143
TOTAL LIABILITIES,												
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF												
RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$	7,620,650	\$	2,713,386	\$	311,533	\$	1	\$1	17,121,403	\$2	27,766,973
	_										_	_

NORTH OGDEN CITY RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2023

Total Fund Balance for Governmental Funds \$22,016,143 Total net assets reported for governmental activities in the statement is different because: Capital assets used in governmental funds are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds: Capital assets, at cost 65,973,216 Less accumulated depreciation and amortization (12,268,917)Deferred outflows of resources - pensions, a consumption of net position that applies to future periods, is not shown in the funds statements. 1,018,642 Deferred inflows of resources - pensions, acquisition of net position that applies to future periods, is not reported in the fund statements. (24,050)Long-term liabilities, for funds other than enterprise funds, are recorded in the government-wide statements but not in the fund statements: Revenue bonds payable (9,084,000)Interest accrued but not yet paid on long-term debt (33,540)Compensated absences (426,162)Net pension liability (1,021,306)Internal service funds are used by management to charge the cost of vehicle replacement to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in the

2,625,401

\$68,775,427

governmental activities of the statement of net position.

Total Net Position of Governmental Activities

NORTH OGDEN CITY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Special Revenue										Total	
			R	DA/CDA			Debt Service Capital			Capital	Go	vernmental
	Ge	neral Fund		Funds	Aqı	uatic Center		Fund	Proj	ects Funds		Funds
REVENUES:												
Taxes	\$	8,370,188	\$	139,457	\$	-	\$	-	\$	394,683	\$	8,904,328
Licenses and permits		403,914		-		-		-		-		403,914
Intergovernmental revenues		1,171,143		928,483		-		-		725,376		2,825,002
Charges for services		387,830		-		490,685		-		168,215		1,046,730
Fines and forfeitures		195,908		-		-		-		-		195,908
Other		64,988		-		102		-		-		65,090
Impact fees		-		-		-		-		544,461		544,461
Interest		536,191		72,380		-		-		343,461		952,032
Donations		24,281		-		-		-		-		24,281
Miscellaneous revenue		41,264				12,499				80		53,843
Total revenues	_1	1,195,707		1,140,320		503,286		-	2	2,176,276	1:	5,015,589
EXPENDITURES:												
Current:												
General government		1,369,696		-		-		-		10,026		1,379,722
Public safety		4,875,437		-		-		-		-		4,875,437
Streets and roads		1,041,116		-		-		-		838,021		1,879,137
Parks and recreation		1,236,857		-		588,115		-		-		1,824,972
Economic development		-		383,319		-		-		-		383,319
Debt service:												
Principal		-		-		-		416,000		-		416,000
Interest		-		-		-		187,833		-		187,833
Capital Outlay:												
Public safety		-		-		-		-		6,430,363		6,430,363
Streets and roads		-		-		-		-		262,071		262,071
Parks and recreation				-		-		-		188,378		188,378
Total expenditures		8,523,106		383,319		588,115		603,833	7	7,728,859	1'	7,827,232
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over												
(Under) Expenditures		2,672,601		757,001		(84,829)		(603,833)	(5	5,552,583)	(2	2,811,643)
Other Financing Sources and (Uses):												
Sale of general capital assets		_		_		_		_		638,295		638,295
Transfers in		18,000		_		84,830		603,834		1,140,000		1,846,664
Transfers out		(1,743,834)		(102,830)		-		-		-		(1,846,664)
Total other financing sources and (uses)		1,725,834)		(102,830)		84,830		603,834		1,778,295		638,295
Net Change in Fund Balances		946,767		654,171		1		1		3,774,288)	- 0	2,173,348)
Fund balance - beginning of year		2,965,714		1,908,962		176,213		_		19,138,602	•	24,189,491
c c .	•		•		•		e.					
Fund balance - end of year	3	3,912,481	D	2,563,133	\$	176,214	\$	1	\$13	5,364,314	3 2.	2,016,143

NORTH OGDEN CITY

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Net	Change	in	Fund	Ba	lances	- '	Total	Governmental and a series of the series of t	Funds	
-----	--------	----	------	----	--------	-----	-------	--	-------	--

\$ (2,173,348)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, assets with a material cost are capitalized and the cost is allocated over their estimated useful and reported as depreciation expense.

Capital outlays purchased	6,773,997
Capital contributed	3,713,297
Depreciation expense	(1.037.143)

Governmental funds have proceeds from the sale of assets as revenue. However, the statement of activities reports the gain or loss on the sale of assets. (423,520)

The Statement of Activities show pension benefits and pension expenses from the adoption of GASB 68 that are not shown in the fund statements.

314.803

Payment of debt principal and accrued interest are expenditures in the governmental funds, but reduce the long-term liabilities in the statement of net position

Long-term debt principal repayments	416,000
Change in accrued interest	(4,469)

Compensated absences expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Change in compensated absence liability 57,295

An internal service fund is used by management to charge the cost of fleet management to individual funds. The net expense of the internal service is reported within the governmental activities.

Change in internal service fund 369,010

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities \$ 8,005,922

NORTH OGDEN CITY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2023

	Ruei	ness-type Activiti	Total	Governmental Activities			
	Busi	ness-type Activiti	Storm Water	Solid Waste	Enterprise	Internal Service Funds	
	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds		
ASSETS:							
Current assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,237,196	\$ 1,433,516	\$ 1,741,383	\$ 334,314	\$ 8,746,409	\$ 526,463	
Accounts receivable, net	218,071	233,278	98,577	128,051	677,977	47,067	
Grant receivables	-	-	51,904	-	51,904	-	
Inventories	86,154	-	-	-	86,154	42,282	
Prepaid items	4,813		3,000		7,813		
Total current assets	5,546,234	1,666,794	1,894,864	462,365	9,570,257	615,812	
Non-current assets:							
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	625,474	812,474	2,313,904	-	3,751,852	-	
Capital assets:							
Land, rights, and water stock	142,025	-	212,183	-	354,208	-	
Construction in progress	659,080	-	736,100	-	1,395,180	-	
Buildings and structures	345,949	-	-	72,476	418,425	337,565	
Systems	35,651,302	14,716,688	16,481,471	-	66,849,461	-	
Vehicles and equipment	1,986,477	617,678	1,550,988	1,189,009	5,344,152	4,258,016	
Leased vehicles and equipment	-	-	-	-	-	358,898	
Less accumulated							
depreciation and amortization	(14,495,220)	(4,668,462)	(5,884,149)	(1,153,632)	(26,201,463)	(2,788,901)	
Total non-current assets	24,915,087	11,478,378	15,410,497	107,853	51,911,815	2,165,578	
Total assets	30,461,321	13,145,172	17,305,361	570,218	61,482,072	2,781,390	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:							
Pensions	110,451	26,680	42,247	8,917	188,295	47,119	
Total assets and							
deferred outflows of resources	\$30,571,772	\$13,171,852	\$17,347,608	\$ 579,135	\$61,670,367	\$ 2,828,509	

NORTH OGDEN CITY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUNDS (Continued) June 30, 2023

	Rue	iness-type Activit	Total	Governmental Activities			
	Dust	Storm Water Solid Waste		Enterprise	Internal		
	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Service Funds	
LIABILITIES:							
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$ 631,259	\$ 4,790	\$ 7,169	\$ 112,628	\$ 755,846	\$ 10,508	
Accrued liabilities	73,573	6,224	8,200	2,866	90,863	13,510	
Payable from restricted assets	-	51,560	-	-	51,560	-	
Unearned revenue	2,340,896	-	-	-	2,340,896	-	
Customer security deposits	7,330	-	-	-	7,330	-	
Compensated absences, current portion	32,490	23,931	18,730	10,186	85,337	13,503	
Lease liability, current portion						76,861	
Total current liabilities	3,085,548	86,505	34,099	125,680	3,331,832	114,382	
Non-current liabilities:							
Lease liability, long-term	-	-	-	-	_	216,420	
Net pension liability	61,306	14,809	23,449	4,949	104,513	26,153	
Total non-current liabilities	61,306	14,809	23,449	4,949	104,513	242,573	
Total liabilities	3,146,854	101,314	57,548	130,629	3,436,345	356,955	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:							
Pensions	1,030	249	394	83	1,756	440	
System agreements	1,111,844				1,111,844		
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,112,874	249	394	83	1,113,600	440	
NET POSITION:							
Net investment in capital assets	23,177,769	10,665,904	13,096,593	107,853	47,048,119	1,949,158	
Restricted for:							
Impact fees	349,389	702,175	2,126,356	-	3,177,920	-	
Unrestricted	2,784,886	1,702,210	2,066,717	340,570	6,894,383	521,956	
Total net position	26,312,044	13,070,289	17,289,666	448,423	57,120,422	2,471,114	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of							
resources, and net position	\$30,571,772	\$13,171,852	\$17,347,608	\$ 579,135		\$ 2,828,509	
Adjustment to report the cumulative internal balance	e for the net effe	ct of the					
activity between the internal service fund and the					(154,290)		
Net Position of business-type activities					\$ 56,966,132		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

NORTH OGDEN CITY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

	D		m . 1	Governmental		
	Bus	iness-type Activit	Total	Activities Internal		
	Water Frank	Carrian Frank	Storm Water	Solid Waste	Enterprise	
Operating income:	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Service Funds
Charges for services	\$ 2,394,363	\$ 2,580,126	\$ 1.094.037	\$ 1,338,622	\$ 7,407,148	\$ 1,033,854
Connection fees	52,278	4,312	\$ 1,094,037	\$ 1,336,022	56,590	\$ 1,055,654
Special fees	32,276	4,312	-	26,912	26,912	-
Sale of materials and supplies	-	-	-	20,912	20,912	2,615
Miscellaneous	58,000	-	10,534	11,289	79,823	3,948
Total operating income	2,504,641	2,584,438	1,104,571	1,376,823	7,570,473	1,040,417
Operating expenses:						
Salaries and benefits	641,609	192,927	249,845	50,081	1,134,462	291,174
Sewer fees	-	1,396,641	2.5,5.6	-	1,396,641	
Materials and Supplies	823,918	123,510	112,457	93,552	1,153,437	170,228
Internal service lease	34,985	15,614	22,306	6,885	79,790	-
Contract services	2,250	18,211	3,078	1,065,706	1,089,245	_
Administrative service fees	427,299	317,148	306,747	167,836	1,219,030	_
Depreciation and amortization expense	891,533	340,142	392,712	28,950	1,653,337	331,684
1		-				
Total operating expenses	2,821,594	2,404,193	1,087,145	1,413,010	7,725,942	793,086
Net operating income (loss)	(316,953)	180,245	17,426	(36,187)	(155,469)	247,331
Non-operating income (expense):						
Grant revenue	94,997	_	_	_	94,997	_
Sale of fixed assets	58,792	15,572	36,472	19,287	130,123	151,983
Interest income	173,689	74,529	117,570	8,162	373,950	11,840
Interest on long-term debt	-	-	-	-	-	(3,884)
Grant expense	(94,997)				(94,997)	
Total non-operating income (expense)	232,481	90,101	154,042	27,449	504,073	159,939
Income (loss) before						
contributions and transfers:	(84,472)	270,346	171,468	(8,738)	348,604	407,270
Capital contributions	833,899	833,485	907,353	-	2,574,737	-
Impact fees	334,707	55,283	124,875	-	514,865	-
Transfers in	76,807	23,854	-	-	100,661	-
Transfers out	(46,065)	(29,085)	(23,854)		(99,004)	(1,657)
Change in net position	1,114,876	1,153,883	1,179,842	(8,738)	3,439,863	405,613
Net position - beginning	25,197,168	11,916,406	16,109,824	457,161		2,065,501
Net position - ending	\$26,312,044	\$13,070,289	\$17,289,666	\$ 448,423		\$ 2,471,114
Adjustment for the net effect of the current year	activity					
between the internal service funds and the ente	rprise funds				36,603	
Change in net position of business-type activ	rities				\$ 3,476,466	

NORTH OGDEN CITY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS For The Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds					Total		vernmental Activities		
	Storm Water Solid Waste			Enterprise		Internal				
	Water Fund	S	Sewer Fund		Fund		Fund	Funds	Sei	vice Funds
Cash flows from operating activities:										
Cash received from customers - service Cash received from interfund services provided	\$ 2,506,964	\$	2,571,620	\$	1,102,641	\$	1,362,395	\$ 7,543,620	\$	6,563 1,033,287
Cash paid to suppliers	(713,317)		(1,898,674)		(432,897)		(1,278,815)	(4,323,703)		(176,206)
Cash paid to employees	(663,784)		(201,006)		(257,509)		(57,936)	(1,180,235)		(296,033)
Cash paid for interfund services	(34,985)		(15,614)		(22,306)		(6,885)	(79,790)		
Net cash provided (used) in operating activities	1,094,878	_	456,326	_	389,929		18,759	1,959,892		567,611
Cash flows from capital and related										
financing activities:										
Cash from impact fees	334,707		55,283		124,875		-	514,865		-
Cash from sale of fixed assets	144,199		53,500		107,000		43,600	348,299		293,950
Cash from grants	1,122,949		-		-		-	1,122,949		-
Cash payments for capital assets	(2,298,762)		(514,968)		(311,363)		-	(3,125,093)		(420,540)
Cash payments for long-term debt principal	-				_		_	-		(39,194)
Cash payments for long-term debt interest	_		_		_		_	_		(4,893)
Cash payments for leases	_		_		_		_	_		(30,744)
Cash payments on system reimbursements	(29,811)		_		_		_	(29,811)		-
Cash flows provided (used) in capital and related financing activities	(726,718)		(406,185)		(79,488)		43,600	(1,168,791)		(201,421)
Cash flows from investing activities: Cash received from interest earned	173,689		74,529		117,570		8,162	373,950		11,840
						-				
Net cash provided (used) in investing activities	173,689		74,529		117,570		8,162	373,950		11,840
Net increase (decrease) in cash	541,849		124,670		428,011		70,521	1,165,051		378,030
Cash balance, beginning	5,320,821		2,121,320		3,627,276		263,793	11,333,210		148,433
Cash balance, ending	\$ 5,862,670	\$	2,245,990	\$	4,055,287	\$	334,314	\$12,498,261	\$	526,463
Cash reported on the statement of net position:										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,237,196	\$	1,433,516	\$	1,741,383	\$	334,314	\$ 8,746,409	\$	526,463
*		φ		Φ		Φ	334,314		φ	320,403
Non-current restricted cash	625,474		812,474		2,313,904			3,751,852		
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,862,670		2,245,990	\$	4,055,287	\$	334,314	\$12,498,261	\$	526,463
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) in Operating Activities:										
Net operating income (expense)	\$ (316,953)	\$	180,245	\$	17,426	\$	(36,187)	\$ (155,469)	\$	247,331
Adjustments to reconcile operating income or (loss) to net cash provided (used) in operating activities:										
Depreciation and amortization	891,533		340,142		392,712		28,950	1,653,337		331,684
Pension expense adjustment	(33,724)		(7,773)		(12,365)		(3,885)	(57,747)		(14,104)
	, , ,		(, ,		, , ,		(, ,	, , ,		, , ,
Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in receivables- net	1,643		(11.492)		5,677		(17,086)	(21,249)		(567)
. /			(11,483)		3,077		(17,000)	,		(567)
(Increase) decrease in inventory	225,434		-		-		-	225,434		2,665
(Increase) decrease in prepaid items	(1,139)		-		(3,000)		-	(4,139)		-
Increase (decrease) in accounts payables	315,855		(43,164)		(7,615)		48,279	313,355		(8,643)
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities	29,088		(1,335)		(7,607)		2,658	22,804		6,089
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits	680		-		-		-	680		-
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	(17,539)		(306)		4,701		(3,970)	(17,114)		3,156
Net cash provided (used) in operating activities	\$ 1,094,878	\$	456,326	\$	389,929	\$	18,759	\$ 1,959,892	\$	567,611
Noncash capital and related financing activities:										
Developer contributions	\$ 833,899	\$	833,485	\$	907,353	\$	_	\$ 2,574,737	\$	_
Intangible asset additions from lease obligations	- 033,099	ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ 2,5/ T ,/5/	φ	238,705
mangiore asset additions from lease obligations	_		-		-		-	-		230,103

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

NORTH OGDEN CITY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

This summary of significant accounting policies of North Ogden City (the City) is presented to assist in understanding the City's financial statements. The financial statements and notes are the representation of the City's management, which is responsible for their integrity and objectivity. These accounting policies conform to generally accepted accounting principles, as applicable to governmental organizations. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing accounting and financial reporting principles.

A. Reporting entity

North Ogden City was incorporated in 1934. The City (a municipal corporation) operates under a traditional council/mayor form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety, public utilities, highways and streets, sanitation, social services, culture-recreation, public improvements, planning and zoning, and general administrative services.

North Ogden Redevelopment Agency - The North Ogden Redevelopment Agency (RDA) is governed by the Mayor and City Council. Although it is legally separate from the City, the RDA is reported as if it were part of the primary government because its sole purpose is to redevelop areas within the City thereby generating additional property tax and sales tax. The RDA does not prepare separately issued financial statements. Financial information for the RDA may be obtained at the City Administrative Offices.

North Ogden City Downtown Community Development Project Area. The North Ogden city Redevelopment Agency Board of Directors has established the North Ogden City Downtown Project Area, also called the Community Development Area, or CDA. A plan for this area was approved. In order to promote economic development within the Project Area and to increase the property tax base within the Project Area through the development of commercial, retail, and residential spaces within the Project Area. The CDA does not prepare separately issues financial statements and is combined with the RDA in the statements of the City. Financial information for the CDA may be obtained at the City Administrative office.

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements, consisting of the statement of net position and the statement of activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The *statement of net position* reports the financial position of the governmental and business-type activities of the City and its discretely presented component units (if any) at year-end.

The statement of activities reports the expenses of a given function offset by program revenues directly connected with the functional program. A function is an assembly of similar activities and may include portions of a fund or summarize more than one fund to capture the expenses and program revenues associated with a distinct functional activity. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Indirect expenses are not allocated. All expenses are included in the applicable function. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

benefit from goods, services, or privilege provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statement.

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting and financial statement presentation

The financial statements of the City are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

The government-wide statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, generally including the reclassification of internal activity (between or within funds). However, internal eliminations do not include utility services provided to City departments or payments to the general fund by other funds for providing administrative and billing services for such funds. Reimbursements are reported as reductions to expenses. Proprietary and any fiduciary fund financial statements are also reported using this same focus and basis of accounting although internal activity is not eliminated in these statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property tax revenues are recognized in the year for which they are levied while grants are recognized when the grantor eligibility requirements are met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, sales taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments, if any, receivable within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *non-operating* items. Operating income and expense reported in proprietary fund financial statements include those revenues and expenses related to the primary, continuing operations of the fund. Principal operating revenues for proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales or services. Principal operating expenses are the costs of providing goods or services, including administrative expenses and depreciation of capital assets. Other revenues and expenses are classified as non-operating in the financial statements.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fund balance flow assumptions

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

D. Fund types and major funds

Governmental funds

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *special revenue funds* account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The City has two Special Revenue Funds. The combined RDA/CDA fund is used to provide information on the operation of the Redevelopment Agency and Community Development Project Area. The Fund receives revenues from a tax increment for property in the areas covered. The Aquatic Center is also operated as a Special Revenue Fund to show activity of the Center. Revenue is received from pool admissions and rents. The Center also receives a transfer from the RDA/CDA as a subsidy to operations.

The debt service fund accounts for financial resources used for debt service on the City's revenue bonds.

The *capital projects funds* account for financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of the capital facilities of the City (other than those of the enterprise funds).

Proprietary funds

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

Enterprise funds - Enterprise funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenue earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

The City operates its water, sewer, storm drainage, and solid waste fund as enterprise funds. Each is considered a major proprietary fund.

Internal service funds - The internal service funds are used to provide financing of goods and services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the government, or other governments on a cost-reimbursements basis. The City maintained internal service funds for motor vehicle fleet operations. Internal service funds are reported as a single column on the enterprise fund statements and are combined with governmental activities on the government-wide statements.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Assets, Deferred Outflow of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Fund Balance

Deposit and Investments

Cash includes cash on hand, demand deposits with banks, and deposits in cash management pools that have the general characteristics of demand deposit accounts. City policy allows for the investment of funds in time certificates of deposit with federally insured depositories, investment in the Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund (the PTIF) and other investments allowed by the State of Utah's Money Management Act.

The Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund operates in accordance with State laws and regulations. The reported value of the Fund is amortized cost which is approximately equal to fair value.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City considers short-term, highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less from the purchase date to be cash equivalents.

Receivables and Payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "interactivity receivable or interactivity payable". Any residual balances outstanding between governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

Advances between funds, as reported in hand financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available resources.

Accounts receivable for services related to government activities and trade accounts receivable for business-type activities are shown net of allowance for doubtful accounts. The allowance is calculated using a percentage of total accounts receivable in conjunction with an evaluation of items over 180 days.

Accounts receivable other than property taxes and intergovernmental receivables are from customers primarily for utility services. Property tax and intergovernmental receivables are considered collectible. Customer accounts are reported net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. The allowance amount is estimated using accounts receivable past due more than 90 days.

Property taxes are assessed and collected for the City by Weber County and remitted to the City shortly after collection. Property taxes become a lien on January 1 and are levied on the first Monday in August. Taxes are due and payable on November 1 and are delinquent after November 30. All dates are in the year of levy.

Restricted Assets

Certain assets are classified as restricted because their use is restricted by law or regulations.

Inventories and Prepaid items

Inventories in governmental funds are not reported. These consist of immaterial amounts of expendable supplies for consumption. Such supplies are acquired as needed. Proprietary fund inventories consist of immaterial amounts of expendable supplies for consumption and so no inventory balance is reported.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Prepaid items record payments to vendors that benefit future reporting and are reported on the consumption basis. Both inventories and prepayments are similarly reported in government-wide and fund financial statements.

Capital Assets

Capital assets includes property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), and are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life more than two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or at estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation. Infrastructure is depreciated.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that does not add to the value of an asset or materially extend the assets' life is not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. Upon retirement or disposition of capital assets, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts. Depreciation of capital assets is computed using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units if any, is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	25-50 years
Water distribution system	50 years
Sewer collection system	50 years
Equipment and machinery	3-10 years
Infrastructure and other improvements	10-40 years
Wells and related structures	5-10 years
Vehicles	4-10 years

Water Rights and Stock

The City does not place a limitation on the life of the water rights, an intangible capital asset, and does not expect to cease utilizing the water rights in the foreseeable future. The water rights are recorded at historical cost and are considered to have an indefinite useful life.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund statement of net position. Bond discounts or premiums, and the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying value of refunded debt are deferred and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Issuance costs are reported as expenses.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize the proceeds of debt and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Compensated absences

It is the City's policy to allow employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation, compensatory time, and sick leave benefits. Compensated absences are reported in governmental funds only if an employee has resigned or retired and the accrued leave has not been paid out. The accumulated vacation and compensatory time that is not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statement of net position and as expenses in the government-wide statement of activities. Accumulated vacation and compensatory time of proprietary funds is recorded as an expense and a liability of those funds as the benefits accrue to the employees and are thus recorded in both the government-wide financial statements and the individual fund financial statements. Year-end liabilities for compensated absences are accrued at the employees' current hourly rate for the maximum possible separation benefit.

Sick leave amounts are charged to expenditures when incurred. Employees may accumulate sick leave to a total of nine hundred sixty hours. Regular employees accumulated sick leave benefits at the rate of twelve days per year. The City has implemented an unused sick leave incentive to increase productivity and encourage longevity within the City. The incentive allows for converting a portion of unused sick leave to either annual leave or cash. The incentive is elected annually in December and requires employees to meet strict criteria to be eligible. Employees who retire or separate under favorable conditions are paid a portion of unused sick leave based on years of service and accumulated sick leave hours.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Utah Retirement Systems Pension Plan (URS) and additions to/deductions from URS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by URS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Net Position/Fund Balance

Government-wide Financial Statements

Equity is classified in the government-wide financial statements as net position and is displayed in three components:

Net investment in capital assets - Restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position - Net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position - All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as Nonspendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned or Unassigned:

Nonspendable fund balance - Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form, or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Fund balance amounts related to inventories, prepaid expenditures, and endowments are classified as nonspendable.

Restricted fund balance - Net fund resources that are subject to external constraints that have been placed on the use of the resources either a) imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of the government or b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

In specific, the following are restricted for the following purposes:

Impact Fees:

Restricted for Transportation Impact Fees - The City collects transportation impact fees, these fees are only expended on transportation expansion and improvements. Any unexpended funds that have been received at the end of the fiscal year are to be used for subsequent years.

Restricted for Water Impact Fees- The City collects water impact fees, these fees are to be expended only on the water system expansion and improvements. Any unexpended funds that have been received at the end of the fiscal year are to be used for the subsequent years.

Restricted for Sewer Impact Fees- The City collects sewer impact fees, these fees are to be expended only on the sewer expansion and improvements. Any unexpended funds that have been received at the end of the fiscal year are to be used for the subsequent years.

Restricted for Storm Drain Impact Fees - The City Council passed an ordinance providing for storm drain impact fees on all new construction. These fees collected are to be restricted for future storm drain expansion and improvements.

Road Improvements:

Restricted for Utility Sales Tax - The City receives additional sales tax which can only be expended on public transit and highway construction & maintenance. Any unexpended funds that have been received at the end of the fiscal year are restricted and are to be used for subsequent years.

Restricted for Transportation Street Widening-The City received grants to acquire property to be used for street widening along 400 and 450 East in the City. The City is renting property acquired for the project and the net rental income as well as original grants are restricted and will be used in subsequent years for these projects.

Restricted for B&C Roads - The City receives a grant from UDOT which can only be expended on public transit and highway construction & maintenance. Any unexpended funds that have been received at the end of the fiscal year are restricted and are to be used for subsequent years.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Committed fund balance - Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes established by formal action of the City Council, which is the City's highest level of decision-making authority. Fund balance commitments can only be removed or changed by the same type of action (for example resolution) of the City Council. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned fund balance - Amounts that the City intends to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. These are established by the City Council or management. This category includes the remaining positive fund balances for governmental funds other than the General Fund.

Unassigned fund balance - This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund. The General Fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. However, in other governmental funds that may carry a negative fund balance at year-end, it may be necessary to report this as unassigned.

Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes include a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The city reports deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and impact fee payments.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes include a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until then. Property taxes to be collected in November were unavailable in the current fiscal year. Accordingly, these property taxes are deferred and will be recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The city also reports deferred inflows of resources related to pensions as required by GASB 68. In addition, the City reports a deferred inflow of resources for two system reimbursement agreements for asset acquisition to be funded by future impact fees.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and the accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Budgetary data

Annual budgets are prepared by the Budget Officer and adopted by ordinance by total for each department, in accordance with State law, by the Mayor and City Council on or before June 22 for the following fiscal year beginning July 1. Estimated revenues and appropriations may be increased or decreased by resolution of the City Council at any time during the year. A public hearing must be held prior to any proposed increase in a fund's appropriations. Budgets include activities in the General Fund. The level of the City's budgetary control (the level at which the City's expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations) is established at the department level. Each department head is responsible for operating within the budget for their department. All annual budgets lapse at fiscal year-end.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Utah State law prohibits the appropriation of unreserved General Fund balance to an amount less than 5% of the General Fund revenues. The 5% reserve that cannot be budgeted is used to provide working capital until tax revenue is received, to meet emergency expenditures, and to cover unanticipated deficits. Any unreserved General Fund balance greater than 35% of the current year's actual revenues must be appropriated within the following two years.

Once adopted, budget amendments which increase total expenditures must be approved by the City Council following a public hearing. With the consent of the City Manager, department heads may reallocate unexpended appropriated balances from one expenditure account to another within that department during the budget year. Budgets for the General Fund are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Encumbrances are not used.

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2023, consist of the following:

	 Carry Value
Demand deposits - checking Deposits - PTIF	\$ 756,513 35,816,081
Total cash	\$ 36,572,594
As reported in the statement of net position: Cash and cash equivalents (current) Restricted cash and cash equivalents (noncurrent)	\$ 21,099,904 15,472,690
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 36,572,594

The Utah Money Management Act (UMMA) establishes specific requirements regarding deposits of public funds by public treasurers. UMMA requires that city funds be deposited with a qualified depository which includes any depository institution which has been certified by the Utah State Commissioner of Financial Institutions as having met the requirements specified in UMMA Section 51, Chapter 7. UMMA provides the formula for determining the amount of public funds which a qualified depository may hold in order to minimize risk of loss and also defines capital requirements which an Institution must maintain to be eligible to accept public funds. UMMA lists the criteria for investments and specifies the assets which are eligible to be invested in, and for some investments, the amount of time to maturity.

UMMA enables the State Treasurer to operate the Public Treasurer's Investment Pool (PTIF). PTIF is managed by the Utah State Treasurer's investment staff and comes under the regulatory authority of the Utah Money Management Council. This council is comprised of a select group of financial professionals from units of local and state government and financial institutions doing business in the state. PTIF operations and portfolio composition is monitored at least semi-annually by the Utah Money Management Council. PTIF is unrated by any nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. Deposits in PTIF are not insured or otherwise guaranteed by the State of Utah. Participants share proportionally in any realized gains or losses on investments which are recorded on an amortized cost basis. The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by PTIF. The fair value of the investment pool is approximately equal to the value of the pool shares.

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Deposit and Investment Risk

The City maintains no investment policy containing any specific provisions intended to limit the City's exposure to interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk other than that imposed by UMMA. The City's compliance with the provisions of UMMA addresses each of these risks.

Deposits

Custodial credit risk - Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City does not have a formal deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2023, \$2,039,401 of the City's bank balances of \$2,297,617 was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Investments

Fair Value of Investments

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the city had deposits (carrying value which is the amortized cost) of \$35,816,081 with the Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund, with the fair value of these investments being \$35,818,773, using a fair value factor of 1.00007516, which is provided by the Utah State Treasurer's office.

The City measures and records its investments using fair value measurement guidelines established by generally accepted accounting principles. These guidelines recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy, as follows:

- Level 1 Quoted prices for identical investments in active markets
- Level 2 Observable inputs other than quoted market prices
- Level 3 –Unobservable inputs

At June 30, 2023, the City had the following recurring fair value measurements:

Investments by fair value level	Fair Value	Level 1		Level 2	Level 3	
Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund	\$ 35,818,773	\$	_	\$ 35,818,773	\$	
Total investments	\$ 35,818,773	\$		\$ 35,818,773	\$	

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. As of June 30, 2023, the City held the following investments by maturity:

		Investment Ma	turitie	s (in Years)	Weighted Avg
Investment Type	Fair Value	Less Than 1		1-5	Maturity (days)
Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund	\$ 35,818,773	\$ 35,818,773	\$	-	120.30
Total investments	\$ 35,818,773	\$ 35,818,773	\$	-	

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligations. At June 30, 2023, the City had the following investments by rating:

Investments by fair value level	Fair Value	AAA	AA		A	Unrated
Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund	\$ 35,818,773	\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$ 35,818,773
Total investments	\$ 35,818,773	\$ 	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 35,818,773

Custodial risk

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The city manages this risk by investing in only those that short to medium length investments and highly rated.

Concentration of credit risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The City's policy for reducing this risk of loss is to comply with the Rules of the Money Management Council. Rule 17 of the Money Management Council limits investments in a single issuer of commercial paper and corporate obligations to 5-10% depending upon the total dollar amount held in the portfolio. At June 30, 2023, all of the City's investments were invested in the PTIF.

NOTE 3 – ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Receivables as of June 30, 2023 for the City's individual major funds and non-major funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectable accounts, are as follows:

			Special Revenue				Internal							
			RDA	/CDA	A	Aquatic		Capital		Enterprise		Service		
	General	Fund	Fu	nds	(Center	P	rojects		Funds		Funds		Total
Customers	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	701,377	\$	-	\$	701,377
Asset sale		-		-		-		-		-		47,067		47,067
Property taxes	2,53	5,667	1.	53,496		-		-		-		-		2,689,163
Due from other governments	1,21	4,068		-		-		108,193		51,904		-		1,374,165
Other receivables		-		-		61,690		29,890		_		_		91,580
Total receivables, gross	3,749	,735	15	3,496		61,690	1	138,083	,	753,281		47,067		4,903,352
Allowance for uncollectible		-		-						23,400				23,400
Total receivables, net	\$ 3,749	,735	\$ 15	3,496	\$	61,690	\$ 1	138,083	\$	729,881	\$	47,067	\$	4,879,952

NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the governmental activities was as follows:

	Beginning			
Governmental activities	Balance	Additions	Retirements	Ending Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 10,095,530	\$ 1,797,777	\$ (423,520)	\$ 11,469,787
Construction in progress	6,205,763	6,652,801	(5,437,591)	7,420,973
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	16,301,293	8,450,578	(5,861,111)	18,890,760
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	16,916,028	-	-	16,916,028
Infrastructure	17,394,575	7,353,111	-	24,747,686
Park improvements	3,781,384	121,196	-	3,902,580
Machinery and equipment	6,064,790	539,948	(492,995)	6,111,743
Leased machinery and equipment	120,193	238,705		358,898
Total capital assets, being depreciated	44,276,970	8,252,960	(492,995)	52,036,935
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization for:				
Buildings	6,177,628	321,533	-	6,499,161
Infrastructure	3,117,332	570,606	-	3,687,938
Park improvements	1,206,140	101,338	-	1,307,478
Machinery and equipment	3,361,576	342,575	(183,462)	3,520,689
Leased machinery and equipment	9,775	32,776		42,551
Total accumulated depreciation and amortization	13,872,451	1,368,828	(183,462)	15,057,817
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	30,404,519	6,884,132	(309,533)	36,979,118
Governmental activities, capital assets, net	\$ 46,705,812	\$15,334,710	\$ (6,170,644)	\$ 55,869,878

Capital assets in the statement of net position also include capital assets of the internal service funds of \$2,165,578 (net of accumulated depreciation).

The leased machinery and equipment amortization is presented as amortization expense on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position related to the City's intangible asset of leased vehicles and equipment, which is included in the above table. With the implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 87, *Leases*, a lease meeting the criteria of this Statement requires the lessee to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right to use asset.

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government governmental activities was follows:

Governmental activities:

Total	\$ 1,368,828
Parks and recreation	328,072
Streets and roads	798,044
Public safety	136,453
General government	\$ 106,259

NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

Capital asset activity for the business-type activities was as follows:

	Beginning				
Business-type activities	Balance	Additions	Retirements	Ending Balance	
Capital assets, not being depreciated:					
Land, rights, and water stock	\$ 241,008	\$ 113,200	\$ -	\$ 354,208	
Construction in progress	3,601,832	1,735,755	(3,942,407)	1,395,180	
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	3,842,840	1,848,955	(3,942,407)	1,749,388	
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Buildings and structures	418,425	-	-	418,425	
Systems	59,435,953	7,413,508	-	66,849,461	
Vehicles and equipment	5,291,640	596,703	(544,191)	5,344,152	
Total capital assets, being depreciated	65,146,018	8,010,211	(544,191)	72,612,038	
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings and structures	337,095	12,230	-	349,325	
Systems	21,214,295	1,335,994	-	22,550,289	
Vehicles and equipment	3,107,479	305,113	(110,743)	3,301,849	
Total accumulated depreciation	24,658,869	1,653,337	(110,743)	26,201,463	
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	40,487,149	6,356,874	(433,448)	46,410,575	
Business-type activities, capital assets, net	\$ 44,329,989	\$8,205,829	\$ (4,375,855)	\$ 48,159,963	

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government business-type activities was follows:

Business-type activities:

Total	\$1,653,337
Solid waste	28,950
Strom water system	392,712
Sewer system	340,142
Water system	\$ 891,533

NOTE 4 – LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt activity for the governmental activities was as follows:

Governmental activities:	Original Principal	% Rate		Beginning Balance	A	Additions	R	eductions		Ending Balance		ue Within ne Year
Revenue Bonds from Direct Place	ements:											
Sales Tax Revenue, Series 2021	\$ 6,750,000	0.50 to 2.80	\$	6,750,000	\$	-	\$	(299,000)	\$	6,451,000	\$	300,000
Sales Tax Revenue, Series 2022	2,750,000	2.30 to 4.65		2,750,000		-		(117,000)		2,633,000		104,000
Financed Purchases from Direct	Borrowings:											
Two snow plow trucks	228,575	1.95		39,194		-		(39,194)		-		-
Other Long-term liabilities:												
Lease liability				85,320		238,705		(30,744)		293,281		76,861
Net pension liability				-		1,047,459		-		1,047,459		-
Compensated absences				493,805		338,350		(392,490)		439,665		299,031
Total governmental activity												
long-term liabilities			\$10	0,118,319	\$1	1,624,514	\$	(878,428)	\$1	0,864,405	\$	779,892
			В	Beginning						Ending	Dι	ue Within
Business-type activities:]	Balance		Additions	R	eductions		Balance	0	ne Year
Other Long-term liabilities:												
Net pension liability				-		104,513		-		104,513		-
Compensated absences				102,451	_	70,053		(87,167)		85,337		85,337
Total business-type activity												
long-term liabilities			\$	102,451	\$	174,566	\$	(87,167)	\$	189,850	\$	85,337

Revenue Bonds from Direct Placements

Sales Tax Revenue, Series 2021 – On December 15, 2021 the City issued \$6,750,000 in sales tax revenue bonds. The proceeds will be used to construct the City's new public safety building. The bonds carry an interest rate of 0.50% to 2.80% and will mature in fiscal year 2042. The bonds are secured by sales tax revenues.

Sales Tax Revenue, Series 2022 – On June 30, 2022 the City issued \$2,750,000 in sales tax revenue bonds. The proceeds will be used to construct the City's new public safety building. The bonds carry an interest rate of 2.30% to 4.65% and will mature in fiscal year 2042. The bonds are secured by sales tax revenues.

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for these bonds as of June 30, 2023, are as follows:

	Revenue Bonds from Direct Placements						
Year	Principal	Interest	Total				
2024	\$ 404,000	\$ 199,017	\$ 603,017				
2025	408,000	194,261	602,261				
2026	414,000	188,938	602,938				
2027	420,000	183,097	603,097				
2028	426,000	176,724	602,724				
2029-2033	2,248,000	767,717	3,015,717				
2034-2038	2,501,000	512,993	3,013,993				
2039-2042	2,263,000	148,889	2,411,889				
Total	\$9,084,000	\$2,371,636	\$ 11,455,636				

NOTE 5 – LEASE OBLIGATIONS PAYABLE

\$358,898 has been recorded as intangible right to use assets in the Internal Service Funds for equipment leased under agreements that met the criteria of lease under GASB Statement No. 87. These assets will be amortized over the lease terms of three to five years since they are shorter than the useful lives and the City is not taking ownership of the equipment. There are no residual value guarantees in the lease provisions. The leases will end in 2025 to 2030, with the final payments due in 2024 to 2029.

The city entered into one lease during the year ended June 30, 2023 for a snow plow and recorded an intangible right to use asset and lease liability for \$238,705.

A summary of the principal and interest amounts for the remaining leases is as follows:

Year	P	rincipal	Interest		Total
2024	\$	76,861	\$	2,641	\$ 79,502
2025		46,143		10,475	56,618
2026		48,377		8,241	56,618
2027		38,729		5,900	44,629
2028		40,603		4,026	44,629
2029		42,568		2,060	 44,628
Total	\$	293,281	\$	33,343	\$ 326,624

NOTE 6 – TRANSFERS AND INTERFUND PAYABLES/RECEIVABLES

Transfers

The operating transfers among the funds were as follows:

	Transfers In	Transfers Out		
Governmental activities:				
General Fund	\$ 18,000	\$ 1,743,834		
RDA/CDA	-	102,830		
Aquatic Center	84,830	-		
Capital Projects Fund	1,140,000	-		
Debt Service Fund	603,834			
Internal Service Funds	-	1,657		
Business-type activities:				
Water Fund	76,807	46,065		
Sewer Fund	23,854	29,085		
Storm Water Fund		23,854		
	\$1,947,325	\$1,947,325		

NOTE 6 – TRANSFERS AND INTERFUND PAYABLES/RECEIVABLES (Continued)

During the year ended June 30, 2023, the City made the following transfers:

- The General Fund transferred \$400,000 to the Capital Projects Fund to assist with future construction projects.
- The General Fund also transferred \$740,000 to the Capital Projects Fund to fund street projects.
- The General Fund transferred \$603,834 to the Debt Service Fund for debt service payments on the Series 2021 and Series 2022 Sales Tax Revenue Bonds.
- The RDA/CDA Fund transferred \$84,830 to the Aquatic Center for operations.
- The RDA/CDA Fund also transferred \$18,000 to the General Fund to replace the reduction in sales tax related to homeless shelters.
- The Sewer Fund and Internal Service Funds transferred vehicles to the Water Fund, which were subsequently traded in on new vehicles.
- The Water Fund transferred vehicles to the Internal Service Funds, which were subsequently traded in on new vehicles.
- The Storm Water Fund transferred a vehicle to the Sewer Fund, which was subsequently traded in on a new vehicle.

Interfund Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that represents lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds." All other outstanding balances between funds are also reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the governmentwide financial statements as "internal balances."

At June 30, 2023, there was an interfund receivable and payable of \$70,000 between the North Ogden CBD and the Downtown Community Development project areas.

NOTE 7 – RISK MANAGEMENT

North Ogden City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; error and omissions; and natural disaster for which the government carries commercial insurance. Deductibles on claims are paid for out of the department experiencing the damage or loss. Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount for the loss can be reasonably estimated.

Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNRs). At June 30, 2023, there were no outstanding claims or judgements against the City. Settlements did not exceed insurance coverage for each of the past three years.

NOTE 8 – REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT AREA

In accordance with Utah State Code, municipalities that have established Redevelopment Agencies and Community Developments entities are required to disclose certain revenues and expenditures associated with the various project areas. The revenues and expenditures associated with the projects are as follows:

			D	owntown	
	No	rth Ogden	Co	mmunity	
		CBD	Developmen		
Revenues:					
Property tax - city portion	\$	103,807	\$	35,650	
Tax increment - other entities		747,959		180,524	
	\$	851,766	\$	216,174	
Expenditures:					
Project expenditures	\$	383,319	\$	-	
Transfer to General Fund		18,000		-	
Transfer to Aquatic Center		84,830			
	\$	486,149	\$		

NOTE 9 – PENSION

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan description:

Eligible plan participants are provided with pensions through the Utah Retirement Systems. The Utah Retirement Systems are comprised of the following Pension Trust funds:

Public Employees Noncontributory Retirement System (Noncontributory System) is a multipleemployer, cost-sharing, public employee retirement system;

Public Safety Retirement System (Public Safety System) is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing, public employee retirement system;

Tier 2 Public Employees Contributory Retirement System (Tier 2 Public Employees System) is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing, public employee retirement system;

Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighter Contributory Retirement System (Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighters System) is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing, public employee retirement system;

The Tier 2 Public Employees System became effective July 1, 2011. All eligible employees beginning on or after July 1, 2011, who have no previous service credit with any of the Utah Retirement Systems, are members of the Tier 2 Retirement System.

NOTE 9 – PENSION (Continued)

The Utah Retirement Systems (Systems) are established and governed by the respective sections of Title 49 of the Utah Code Annotated 1953, as amended. The Systems' defined benefit plans are amended statutorily by the State Legislature. The Utah State Retirement Office Act in Title 49 provides for the administration of the Systems under the direction of the Board, whose members are appointed by the Governor. The Systems are fiduciary funds defined as pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds. URS is a component unit of the State of Utah. Title 49 of the Utah Code grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms.

URS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained by writing Utah Retirement Systems, 560 E. 200 S, Salt Lake City, Utah 84102 or visiting the website: www.urs.org/general/publications.

Benefits provided:

URS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Retirement benefits are as follows:

System	Final Average Salary	Years of Service Required and/or Age Eligible for Benefit	Benefit Percentage per Year of Service	COLA**
Noncontributory System	Highest 3 Years	30 years any age 25 years any age* 20 years age 60* 10 years age 62* 4 years age 65	2.0% per year all years	Up to 4%
Public Safety System	Highest 3 Years	20 years any age 10 years, age 60 4 years age 65	2.5% per year up to 20 years; 2.0% per year over 20 years	Up to 2.5% or 4 % depending upon employer
Tier 2 Public Employees System	Highest 5 Years	35 years any age 20 years, age 60* 10 years age 62* 4 years age 65	1.5% per year all years	Up to 2.5%
Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighter System	Highest 5 Years	25 years, any age 20 years, age 60* 10 years age 62* 4 years age 65	1.5% per year to June 30, 2020; 2.0% per year July 1, 2020 to present	Up to 2.5%

^{*} Actuarial reductions are applied.

^{**}All post-retirement cost-of-living adjustments are non-compounding and are based on the original benefit except for Judges, which is a compounding benefit. The cost-of-living adjustments are also limited to the actual Consumer Price Index (CPI) increase for the year, although unused CPI increases not met may be carried forward to subsequent years.

NOTE 9 – PENSION (Continued)

Contributions Rate Summary

As a condition of participation in the Systems, employers and/or employees are required to contribute certain percentages of salary and wages as authorized by statute and specified by the URS Board. Contributions are actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions (where applicable) is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Contribution rates as of June 30, 2023, are as follows:

			Employer
<u>-</u>	Employee	Employer	401(k)
Contributory System			
111 Local Government Div - Tier 1	6.00%	13.96%	-
111 Local Government Div - Tier 2	-	16.01%	0.18%
Noncontributory System			
15 Local Government Div - Tier 1	-	17.97%	-
Public Safety System Contributory			
122 Tier 2 DB Hybrid Public Safety	2.59%	26.99%	-
Public Safety System Noncontributory			
75 Other Div A with 4% COLA	-	35.71%	-
Tier 2 DC Only			
211 Local Government	-	6.19%	10.00%
222 Public Safety	-	12.99%	14.00%

Tier 2 rates include a statutory required contribution to finance the unfunded actuarial accrued liability of the Tier 1 plans.

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the employer and employee contributions to the Systems were as follows:

	Employer		nployer Emp			
System	Co	Contributions		Contributions		tributions
Noncontributory System	\$	293,826		-		
Public Safety System		236,018		-		
Tier 2 Public Employees System		231,879		-		
Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighter		237,056		22,584		
Tier 2 DC Only System		19,706		-		
Tier 2 DC Public Safety and Firefighter		8,060		-		
Total Contributions	\$	1,026,545	\$	22,584		

Contributions reported are the URS Board approved required contributions by System. Contributions in the Tier 2 Systems are used to finance the unfunded liabilities in the Tier 1 Systems.

NOTE 9 – PENSION (Continued)

Combined Pension Assets, Liabilities, Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Relating to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, we reported a net pension asset of \$0 and a net pension liability of \$1,151,972.

(Measurement Date): December 31, 2022

	Pension Asset	t Pension Liability	Proportionate Share	Proportionate Share December 31, 2021	Change (Decrease)
Noncontributory System	\$ -	\$ 356,050	0.2078820%	0.2079960%	(0.0001140%)
Public Safety System	-	705,414	0.5455320%	0.5230025%	0.0225295%
Tier 2 Public Employees System	-	67,788	0.0622543%	0.0562857%	0.0059686%
Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighter		22,720	0.2723437%	0.2623869%	0.0099568%
Total	\$ 	\$ 1,151,972			

The net pension asset and liability was measured as of December 31, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset and liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2022, and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The proportion of the net pension asset and liability is equal to the ratio of the employer's actual contributions to the Systems during the plan year over the total of all employer contributions to the System during the plan year.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, we recognized pension expense of \$639,566.

At June 30, 2023, we reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources relating to pensions from the following sources:

	Γ	eferred	Deferred	
	Ου	tflows of	Inf	flows of
	R	esources	Re	sources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	157,746	\$	10,224
Changes in assumptions		113,648		3,870
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		449,261		-
Changes in proportion and differences between contri- butions and proportionate share of contributions		45,187		12,152
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		488,214		_
	\$ 1,254,056		\$	26,246

\$488,214 was reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions results from contributions made by us prior to our fiscal year end, but subsequent to the measurement date of December 31, 2022.

NOTE 9 – PENSION (Continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Net Deferred		
	Outflows		
	(Inflows) of		
Year ended December 31,	Resources		
2023	\$	(147,658)	
2024		(3,770)	
2025		182,950	
2026		667,174	
2027		7,338	
Thereafter		33,562	

Noncontributory System Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2023, we recognized pension expense of \$191,719.

At June 30, 2023, we reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources relating to pensions from the following sources:

	D	eferred	Deferred	
	Ου	tflows of	Inflows of	
	R	esources	Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	120,767	\$	-
Changes in assumptions		58,352		1,422
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		234,854		-
Changes in proportion and differences between contri- butions and proportionate share of contributions		12,524		-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		137,997		_
	\$	564,494	\$	1,422

\$137,997 was reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions results from contributions made by us prior to our fiscal year end, but subsequent to the measurement date of December 31, 2022.

NOTE 9 – PENSION (Continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Net	Deferred
	C	outflows
	(In	flows) of
Year ended December 31,	Re	esources
2023	\$	(41,659)
2024		11,737
2025		94,332
2026		360,665
2027		-
Thereafter		_

Public Safety System Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2023, we recognize pension expense of \$219,206.

At June 30, 2023, we reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources relating to pensions from the following sources:

	D	eferred	Deferred	
	Ou	tflows of	Inflows of	
	Re	esources	Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	3,123	\$	-
Changes in assumptions		18,920		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		163,504		-
Changes in proportion and differences between contri- butions and proportionate share of contributions		15,201		6,381
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		111,897		
	\$	312,645	\$	6,381

\$111,897 was reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions results from contributions made by us prior to our fiscal year end, but subsequent to the measurement date of December 31, 2022.

NOTE 9 – PENSION (Continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Ne	t Deferred	
	Outflows		
	(Iı	nflows) of	
Year ended December 31,	R	esources	
2023	\$	(112,101)	
2024		(28,394)	
2025		68,159	
2026		266,703	
2027		-	
Thereafter		_	

Tier 2 Public Employees System Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2023, we recognize pension expense of \$129,874.

At June 30, 2023, we reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources relating to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred		Deferred	
	Ou	tflows of	Inflows of	
	Re	esources	Res	sources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	22,896	\$	2,690
Changes in assumptions		22,007		172
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		27,330		-
Changes in proportion and differences between contri- butions and proportionate share of contributions		10,424		2,840
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	116,456			_
	\$ 199,113		\$	5,702

\$116,456 was reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions results from contributions made by us prior to our fiscal year end, but subsequent to the measurement date of December 31, 2022.

NOTE 9 – PENSION (Continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Net	Deferred	
	Outflows		
	(Int	flows) of	
Year ended December 31,	Re	sources	
2023	\$	3,807	
2024		8,113	
2025		12,939	
2026		24,594	
2027		5,782	
Thereafter		21,720	

Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighter System Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2023, we recognize pension expense of \$98,767.

At June 30, 2023, we reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources relating to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
_1	Resources	Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience \$	10,960	\$ 7,534
Changes in assumptions	14,369	2,276
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	23,573	-
Changes in proportion and differences between contri- butions and proportionate share of contributions	7,038	2,931
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	121,865	
<u>\$</u>	177,805	\$ 12,741

\$121,865 was reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions results from contributions made by us prior to our fiscal year end, but subsequent to the measurement date of December 31, 2022.

NOTE 9 – PENSION (Continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Net	Deferred
	Oı	utflows
	(Inf	lows) of
Year ended December 31,	Re	sources
2023	\$	2,295
2024		4,775
2025		7,520
2026		15,212
2027		1,557
Thereafter		11,840

Actuarial assumptions:

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2022, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50 Percent

Salary increases 3.25 - 9.25 percent, average, including inflation Investment rate of return 6.85 percent, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

Mortality rates were adopted from an actuarial experience study dated January 1, 2020. The retired mortality tables are developed using URS retiree experience and are based on gender, occupation and age, as appropriate, with projected improvements using 80% of the ultimate rates from the MP-2019 improvement assumption using a base year of 2020. The mortality assumption for active members is the PUB-2010 Employees Mortality Table for public employees, teachers, and public safety members, respectively.

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2022, valuation were based on an experience study of the demographic assumptions as of January 1, 2020, and a review of economic assumptions as of January 1, 2021.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method, in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class and is applied consistently to each defined benefit pension plan. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

NOTE 9 – PENSION (Continued)

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Expected Return Arithmetic Basis							
			Long Term					
		Real Return	Expected					
	Target Asset	Arithmetic	Portfolio Real					
Asset Class	Allocation	Basis	Rate of Return					
Equity securities	35.00%	6.58%	2.30%					
Debt securities	20.00%	1.08%	0.22%					
Real assets	18.00%	5.72%	1.03%					
Private equity	12.00%	9.80%	1.18%					
Absolute return	15.00%	2.91%	0.44%					
Cash and cash equivalents	0.00%	-0.11%	0.00%					
Totals	100.00%		5.17%					
Inflation			2.50%					
Expected arithmetic nominal return			7.67%					

The 6.85% assumed investment rate of return is comprised of an inflation rate of 2.50%, a real return of 4.35% that is net of investment expense.

Discount rate:

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.85 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from all participating employers will be made at contractually required rates that are actuarially determined and certified by the URS Board. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The discount rate does not use the Municipal Bond Index Rate.

Sensitivity of the proportionate share of the net pension asset and liability to changes in the discount rate:

The following presents the proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.85 percent, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.85 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.85 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Discount	1% Increase
System	(5.85%)	Rate (6.85%)	(7.85%)
Noncontributory System	\$ 2,243,944	\$ 356,050	\$ (1,221,386)
Public Safety System	2,271,789	705,414	(568,418)
Tier 2 Public Employees System	296,198	67,788	(108,172)
Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighter	181,868	22,720	(103,765)
Total	\$ 4,993,799	\$ 1,151,972	\$ (2,001,741)

NOTE 9 – PENSION (Continued)

Pension plan fiduciary net position:

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued URS financial report.

Defined Contribution Savings Plan:

The Defined Contribution Savings Plans are administered by the Utah Retirement Systems Board and are generally supplemental plans to the basic retirement benefits of the Retirement Systems, but may also be used as a primary retirement plan. These plans are voluntary tax-advantaged retirement savings programs authorized under sections 401(k), 457(b) and 408 of the Internal Revenue code. Detailed information regarding plan provisions is available in the separately issued URS financial report.

North Ogden City participates in the following Defined Contribution Savings Plans with the Utah Retirement Systems:

• 401(k) Plan

Employee and employer contributions to the Utah Retirement Contribution Savings Plans for fiscal year ended June 30, were as follows:

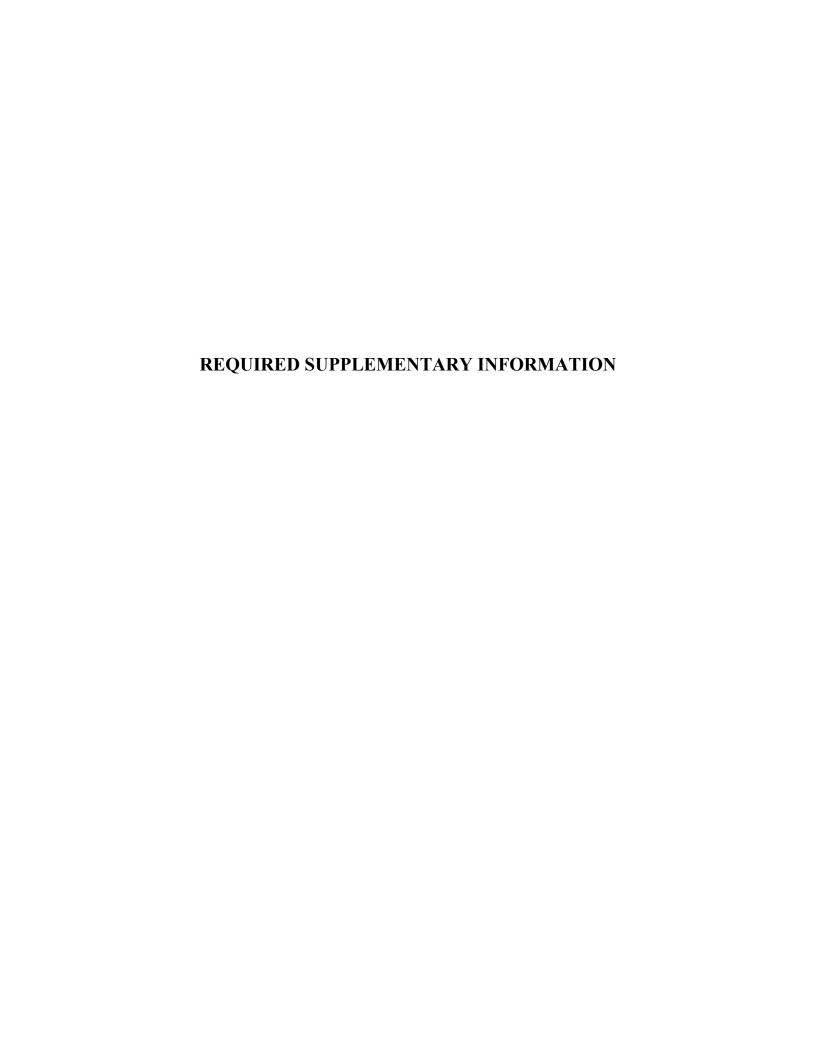
	 2023	2022	2021
401(k) Plan			
Employer Contributions	\$ 43,342	\$ 45,003	\$ 41,736
Employee Contributions	14,780	9,931	6,160

NOTE 10 – COMMITMENTS

At June 30, 2023, the city had two commitments with external parties to complete infrastructure projects in the capital projects fund. The city estimates the remaining commitments related to these projects was approximately \$1,300,000.

NOTE 11 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In preparing these financial statements, the City has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through December 12, 2023, the date the financial statements were available to be used.



NORTH OGDEN CITY NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Budgetary Comparison Schedules

The Budgetary Comparison Schedules presented in this section of the report are for General Fund, the RDA/CDA Special Revenue Fund, and the Aquatic Center Special Revenue Fund. The basis of budgeting is the same as GAAP.

Budgeting and Budgetary Control

Original budgets represent the revenue estimates and spending authority authorized by the City Council prior to the beginning of the year. Final budgets represent the original budget amounts plus any amendments made to the budget during the year by the Council through formal resolution. Final budgets do not include unexpended balances from the prior year because such balances automatically lapse to unreserved fund balance at the end of each year.

Changes in Assumptions Related to Pensions

No changes were made in actuarial assumptions from the prior year's valuation.

NORTH OGDEN CITY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted	Budgeted		Variance with
REVENUES:	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
Taxes	\$ 7,861,314	\$ 8,011,314	\$ 8,370,188	\$ (358,874)
Licenses and permits	542,200	382,200	403,914	(21,714)
Intergovernmental revenues	1,090,291	1,785,708	1,171,143	614,565
Charges for services	489,600		387,830	
Fines and forfeitures		348,503		(39,327)
	183,600	183,600	195,908	(12,308)
Other	12,000	12,000	64,988	(52,988)
Interest	20,000	502,575	536,191	(33,616)
Donations	110,000	36,750	24,281	12,469
Miscellaneous revenue	10,000	10,000	41,264	(31,264)
Total revenues	10,319,005	11,272,650	11,195,707	76,943
EXPENDITURES:				
General government:				
Legislative	57,468	65,595	52,907	12,688
Judicial	221,031	223,506	195,683	27,823
Recorder	114,936	118,711	109,329	9,382
Finance	179,325	179,325	143,077	36,248
Administration	267,193	282,639	274,834	7,805
Human resources	111,576	112,951	105,504	7,447
Non-departmental	435,531	1,014,504	372,212	642,292
General government buildings	130,687	155,521	116,150	39,371
Public Safety:	,			•
Police department	3,949,639	4,085,341	4,025,074	60,267
Planning	321,349	263,828	258,775	5,053
Inspection	488,885	438,140	429,397	8,743
Animal control	206,843	206,843	162,191	44,652
Streets and Roads:	,	,	,	1.,00
Streets and roads	919,810	1,096,566	1,041,116	55,450
Parks and recreation:	<i>717</i> ,010	1,000,000	1,011,110	55,150
Administration	331,852	297,196	257,997	39,199
Parks	912,217	923,816	792,605	131,211
Recreation	201,843	183,494	186,255	(2,761)
Debt service:	201,043	105,77	100,233	(2,701)
Principal	416,000			
Interest	187,834	- -	- -	_
Total expenditures	9,454,019	9,647,976	8,523,106	1,124,870
•	2,101,012			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	864,986	1,624,674	2,672,601	(1,047,927)
Other francing games and (come)				
Other financing sources and (uses):	24,000	26,000	10.000	0.000
Transfers in	26,000	26,000	18,000	8,000
Transfers out	(890,986)	(1,843,834)	(1,743,834)	100,000
Total other financing sources and (uses)	(864,986)	(1,817,834)	(1,725,834)	(92,000)
Net change in fund balances		(193,160)	946,767	(1,139,927)
Fund balances - beginning of year			2,965,714	
Fund balances - end of year			\$ 3,912,481	
	51			

NORTH OGDEN CITY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL RDA/CDA SPECIAL REVENUE FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted Budgeted				riance with	
		Original	Final	 Actual	_Fi	nal Budget
REVENUES:						
Property tax	\$	1,025,000	\$ 1,025,000	\$ 139,457	\$	885,543
Property tax increment		-	-	928,483		(928,483)
Interest income		5,000	5,000	72,380		(67,380)
Total revenues		1,030,000	 1,030,000	 1,140,320		(110,320)
EXPENDITURES:						
Economic development		918,000	933,824	 383,319		550,505
Total expenditures		918,000	 933,824	 383,319		550,505
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over						
(Under) Expenditures		112,000	 96,176	757,001		(660,825)
Other financing sources and (uses):						
Transfers in		100,000	100,000	-		100,000
Transfers out		(206,000)	(190,176)	(102,830)		87,346
Total other financing sources and (uses)		(106,000)	(90,176)	(102,830)		12,654
Net change in fund balances		6,000	6,000	654,171		(648,171)
Fund balances - beginning of year				1,908,962		
Fund balances - end of year				\$ 2,563,133		

NORTH OGDEN CITY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL AQUATIC CENTER SPECIAL REVENUE FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	В	udgeted	E	Budgeted				Variance with	
		Original	Final		Actual		Final Budget		
REVENUES:									
Admissions	\$	405,000	\$	405,000	\$	467,098	\$	(62,098)	
Concessions		15,000		15,000		15,377		(377)	
Rentals		6,000		6,000		8,210		(2,210)	
Miscellaneous		4,000		4,000		12,601		(8,601)	
Total revenues		430,000		430,000		503,286		(73,286)	
EXPENDITURES:									
Salaries and benefits		366,847		351,023		384,934		(33,911)	
Materials, supplies and services		102,153		102,153		42,993		59,160	
Maintenance and repairs		37,000		37,000		31,488		5,512	
Utilties		64,000		64,000		76,362		(12,362)	
Chemicals		40,000		40,000		52,338		(12,338)	
Total expenditures		610,000		594,176		588,115		6,061	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over									
(Under) Expenditures		(180,000)		(164,176)		(84,829)		(79,347)	
Other financing sources and (uses):									
Transfers in		180,000		164,176		84,830		79,346	
Total other financing sources and (uses)		180,000		164,176		84,830		79,346	
Net change in fund balances		-				1		(1)	
Fund balances - beginning of year						176,213			
Fund balances - end of year					\$	176,214			

NORTH OGDEN CITY SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

Utah Retirement Systems June 30, 2023 – Last 10 Measurement Dates*

Measurement Date December 31,	Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	Proportion share of net pen liability (asse	f the sion ty	Covered payroll	Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its coveredemployee payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)
Noncontributory System						
2022	0.2078820%	\$ 356	,050	\$ 1,650,818	21.57%	97.5%
2021	0.2079960%	(1,191	,215)	1,665,786	(71.51%)	108.7%
2020	0.1994393%	102	,301	1,594,522	6.42%	99.2%
2019	0.1982006%	746	,992	1,579,410	47.30%	93.7%
2018	0.1781850%	1,312	,105	1,412,103	92.92%	87.0%
2017	0.1664153%	729	,115	1,323,128	55.11%	91.9%
2016	0.1602462%	1,028	,977	1,315,547	78.22%	87.3%
2015	0.1631476%	923	,168	1,367,806	67.49%	87.8%
2014	0.1663092%	722	,154	1,419,455	50.88%	90.2%
Public Safety System						
2022	0.5455320%	\$ 705	,414	\$ 622,492	113.32%	93.6%
2021	0.5300250%	(424	,753)	606,318	(70.05%)	104.2%
2020	0.5489677%	455	,776	699,986	65.11%	95.5%
2019	0.5146921%	826	,399	636,232	129.89%	90.9%
2018	0.5020646%	1,291	,604	686,924	188.03%	84.7%
2017	0.4979801%	781	,161	731,633	106.77%	90.2%
2016	0.4669401%	947	,550	688,814	137.56%	86.5%
2015	0.4473629%	801	,339	656,851	122.00%	87.1%
2014	0.4268607%	536	,813	622,523	86.23%	90.5%

NORTH OGDEN CITY SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (Continued)

Utah Retirement Systems June 30, 2023 – Last 10 Measurement Dates*

					Proportionate	
					share of the	
					net pension	Plan fiduciary
					liability	net position as
	Proportion of	Pro	portionate		(asset) as a	a percentage
	the net	sh	are of the		percentage of	of the total
	pension	ne	t pension		its covered-	pension
Measurement Date	liability		liability	Covered	employee	liability
December 31,	(asset)		(asset)	payroll	payroll	(asset)
Tier 2 Public Employees	Retirement Syst	ems				
2022	0.0622543%	\$	67,788	\$ 1,355,353	5.00%	92.3%
2021	0.0562857%		(23,822)	1,044,777	(2.28%)	103.8%
2020	0.0649270%		9,338	1,038,164	0.90%	98.3%
2019	0.0704546%		15,846	978,829	1.62%	96.5%
2018	0.0686548%		29,403	800,443	3.67%	90.8%
2017	0.0656528%		5,788	642,222	0.90%	97.4%
2016	0.0632419%		7,055	518,631	1.36%	95.1%
2015	0.0485772%		(106)	313,867	(0.03%)	100.2%
2014	0.0380994%		(1,155)	186,997	(0.62%)	103.5%
Tier 2 Public Safety and	Firefighter Retir	emei	nt System			
2022	0.2723437%	\$	22,720	\$ 837,942	2.71%	96.4%
2021	0.2623869%		(13,262)	627,466	(2.11%)	102.8%
2020	0.2317115%		20,783	461,529	4.50%	93.1%
2019	0.2578145%		24,251	424,943	5.71%	89.6%
2018	0.2118440%		5,308	283,520	1.87%	95.6%
2017	0.2211418%		(2,559)	233,449	(1.10%)	103.0%
2016	0.2481679%		(2,154)	205,040	(1.05%)	103.6%
2015	0.3053124%		(4,461)	181,652	(2.46%)	110.7%
2014	0.3480897%		(5,149)	143,783	(3.58%)	120.5%

^{*} GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the City will present information for those years for which information is available.

NORTH OGDEN CITY SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS*

Utah Retirement Systems June 30, 2023 – Last 10 Fiscal Years

		atronia 1	in 1	ntributions relation to the	Com	4lass4i.asa			Contributions as a
A C 1 1 - 1		Actuarial		ntractually		tribution		C 1	percentage of
As of fiscal year ended		etermined		required		ficiency		Covered	covered
June 30,		ntributions		ntribution_	<u>(e</u>	xcess)		payroll	payroll
Noncontributory System									
2023	\$	293,826	\$	293,826	\$	-	\$	1,635,880	17.96%
2022		295,061		295,061		-		1,610,986	18.32%
2021		287,534		287,534		-		1,630,543	17.63%
2020		281,493		281,493		-		1,618,935	17.39%
2019		262,866		262,866		-		1,511,185	17.39%
2018		230,882		230,882		-		1,333,107	17.32%
2017		235,424		235,424		-		1,330,504	17.69%
2016		233,522		233,522		-		1,330,911	17.55%
2015		245,610		245,610		-		1,391,385	17.65%
2014		235,539		235,539		-		1,414,290	16.65%
Public Safety System									
2023	\$	236,018	\$	236,018	\$	_	\$	660,929	35.71%
2022		206,376		206,376		_		577,923	35.71%
2021		236,539		236,539		_		662,389	35.71%
2020		238,038		238,038		_		666,586	35.71%
2019		225,924		225,924		_		641,979	35.19%
2018		237,534		237,534		_		728,521	32.60%
2017		226,756		226,756		_		715,974	31.67%
2016		206,900		206,900		_		655,343	31.57%
2015		204,537		204,537		_		644,757	31.72%
2014		184,402		184,402		_		603,659	30.55%
Tier 2 Public Employees	Syst	em*		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				· ·	
2023	\$	231,879	\$	231,879	\$	_	\$	1,450,672	15.98%
2022	Ψ	182,987	Ψ	182,987	Ψ	_	Ψ	1,140,309	16.05%
2021		162,726		162,726		_		1,032,006	15.77%
2020		164,079		164,079		_		1,047,757	15.66%
2019		137,724		137,724		_		887,129	15.52%
2019		107,562		107,562		_		711,861	15.11%
2017		88,842		88,842		-		596,662	14.89%
2017		57,781		57,781		-		388,167	14.89%
2015		36,188		36,188		-		242,222	14.89%
2013		30,100		30,100		-		∠ + ∠,∠∠∠	14.7470

27,326

195,322

13.99%

27,326

2014

NORTH OGDEN CITY SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS* (Continued)

Utah Retirement Systems June 30, 2023 – Last 10 Fiscal Years

			Co	ntributions					
			in	relation to					Contributions
				the					as a
	A	Actuarial	COI	ntractually	Con	tribution			percentage of
As of fiscal year ended	De	etermined	1	required	def	ficiency	(Covered	covered
June 30,	Co	ntributions	cc	ontribution	(e	xcess)	payroll		payroll
Tier 2 Public Safety and	Firef	ighter Syste	em						
2023	\$	237,056	\$	237,056	\$	-	\$	878,311	26.99%
2022		204,296		204,296		-		756,930	26.99%
2021		136,022		136,022		_		504,307	26.97%
2020		108,792		108,792		-		448,915	24.23%
2019		84,912		84,912		-		350,390	24.23%
2018		60,905		60,905		-		256,659	23.73%
2017		54,393		54,393		-		229,895	23.66%
2016		42,978		42,978		-		181,644	23.66%
2015		38,270		38,270		-		161,406	23.71%
2014		33,152		33,152		-		148,198	22.37%
Tier 2 Public Employees	DC	Only syster	n*						
2023	\$	19,706	\$	19,706	\$	_	\$	320,008	6.16%
2022		24,997		24,997		_		373,656	6.69%
2021		21,709		21,709		_		324,496	6.69%
2020		18,656		18,656		-		278,860	6.69%
2019		16,429		16,429		-		245,574	6.69%
2018		10,480		10,480		_		156,650	6.69%
2017		8,482		8,482		-		126,787	6.69%
2016		8,242		8,242		-		123,199	6.69%
2015		6,563		6,563		-		97,671	6.72%
2014		2,942		2,942		-		52,727	5.58%
Tier 2 Public Safety and	Firef	ighter DC (Only	System*					
2023	\$	8,060	\$	8,060	\$	-	\$	62,047	12.99%
2022		1,087		1,087		-		8,364	13.00%
2021		-		-		-		-	_
2020		-		-		-		-	_
2019		_		-		-		-	-
2018		_		-		-		-	-
2017		-		-		-		-	-
2016		-		-		-		-	-
2015		_		-		-		-	-
2014		-		-		-		-	-

^{*} Contributions in Tier 2 include an amortization rate to help fund the unfunded liabilities in the Tier 1 systems. Tier 2 systems were created July 1, 2011.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

NORTH OGDEN CITY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS June 30, 2023

	Capital Projects Fund	Tra	nsportation Utility Fund	Transpo Impac Fu	et Fee	Sal	portation es Tax Fund	400/450 provement Fund		tal Capital ject Funds
ASSETS:										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,851,008	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 26,189	\$	7,877,197
Receivables:										
Accounts	-		-		-		-	10,245		10,245
Other receivables	19,645		-		-		-	-		19,645
Restricted assets:										
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	4,739,258		809,224	1,7	31,464	1	,272,664	553,513		9,106,123
Restricted receivables			-				71,652	 36,541		108,193
TOTAL ASSETS	\$12,609,911	\$	809,224	\$ 1,73	31,464	\$ 1,	344,316	\$ 626,488	\$17	7,121,403
LIABILITIES:										
Accounts payable	\$ 1,391,090	\$	_	\$	-	\$	_	\$ _	\$	1,391,090
Accrued liabilities	339,676		_		-		_	_		339,676
Payable from restricted assets	-		_		-		_	134		134
Customer/Developer deposits	-		_		_		_	17,847		17,847
Unearned revenue	_		-		-		-	8,342		8,342
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,730,766		-					26,323	1	1,757,089
FUND BALANCES:										
Restricted:										
Road improvements	-		809,224		-	1	,344,316	589,920		2,743,460
Unspent bond proceeds	4,739,258		-		-		-	-		4,739,258
Impact fees	-		-	1,7	31,464		-	-		1,731,464
Assigned for:										
Capital projects	6,139,887		-		-		-	10,245		6,150,132
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	10,879,145		809,224	1,73	31,464	1,	344,316	600,165	15	5,364,314
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$12,609,911	\$	809,224	\$ 1,73	31,464	\$ 1,	344,316	\$ 626,488	\$17	7,121,403

NORTH OGDEN CITY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

REVENUES:	Capital Projects Fund	Transportation Utility Fund	Transportation Impact Fee Fund	Transportation Sales Tax Fund	400/450 Improvement Fund	Total Capital Project Funds
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 394,683	\$ -	\$ 394,683
Intergovernmental revenues	725,376	-	-	-	-	725,376
Charges for services	-	1	-	-	168,214	168,215
Impact fees	166,598	-	377,863	-	-	544,461
Interest	225,157	23,491	43,759	35,640	15,414	343,461
Miscellaneous revenue	80_					80
Total revenues	1,117,211	23,492	421,622	430,323	183,628	2,176,276
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
General government	11,603	(1,577)	-	-	-	10,026
Streets and roads	799,646	-	-	-	38,375	838,021
Capital Outlay						
Public safety	6,430,363	-	-	-	-	6,430,363
Streets and roads	262,071	-	-	-	-	262,071
Parks and recreation	188,378					188,378
Total expenditures	7,692,061	(1,577)			38,375	7,728,859
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(6,574,850)	25,069	421,622	430,323	145,253	(5,552,583)
Other Financing Sources and (Uses): Sale of general capital assets Transfers in	638,295 1,140,000	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	638,295 1,140,000
Total other financing sources and (uses)	1,778,295					1,778,295
Net Change in Fund Balances	(4,796,555)	25,069	421,622	430,323	145,253	(3,774,288)
Fund balances - beginning of year	15,675,700	784,155	1,309,842	913,993	454,912	19,138,602
Fund balances - end of year	\$10,879,145	\$ 809,224	\$ 1,731,464	\$ 1,344,316	\$ 600,165	\$15,364,314

NORTH OGDEN CITY COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS June 30, 2023

	Police Motor Motor Pool Pool Fund Fund			Pool	Total Internal Service Funds		
ASSETS:		Tuna		Tund		1 unus	
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Inventories	\$	177,441 47,067 42,282	\$	349,022	\$	526,463 47,067 42,282	
Total current assets		266,790		349,022		615,812	
Non-current assets: Capital assets: Buildings and structures Vehicles and equipment Leased vehicles and equipment Less accumulated depreciation		337,565 3,115,273 358,898 (2,007,698)		- 1,142,743 - (781,203)		337,565 4,258,016 358,898 (2,788,901)	
Total non-current assets		1,804,038		361,540		2,165,578	
Total assets	2	,070,828		710,562		2,781,390	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Pensions		47,119				47,119	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 2	,117,947	\$	710,562	\$	2,828,509	
LIABILITIES: Current liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Compensated absences Lease liability, current portion	\$	2,883 13,510 13,503 76,861	\$	7,625 - - -	\$	10,508 13,510 13,503 76,861	
Total current liabilities		106,757		7,625		114,382	
Non-current liabilities: Lease liability, long-term Net pension liability		216,420 26,153		- -		216,420 26,153	
Total non-current liabilities		242,573				242,573	
Total liabilities		349,330		7,625		356,955	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Pensions		440				440_	
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		349,770		7,625		357,395	
NET POSITION: Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted		1,587,618 180,559		361,540 341,397		1,949,158 521,956	
Total net position	1	,768,177		702,937		2,471,114	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	\$ 2	,117,947	\$	710,562	\$	2,828,509	

NORTH OGDEN CITY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

			olice Motor	Total		
	Motor Pool		Pool	Internal		
	Fund		Fund	Service Funds		
Operating income:						
Charges for services	\$ 473,854	\$	560,000	\$ 1,033,854	4	
Sale of materials and supplies	2,615		-	2,615	5	
Miscellaneous	3,948			3,948	3_	
Total operating income	480,417		560,000	1,040,417	7_	
Operating expenses:						
Salaries and benefits	291,174		-	291,174	4	
Materials and Supplies	63,012		107,216	170,228	3	
Depreciation expense	205,413		126,271	331,684	1_	
Total operating expenses	559,599		233,487	793,086	<u> </u>	
Net operating income (loss)	(79,182)	_	326,513	247,331	<u>l</u>	
Non-operating income (expense):						
Sale of fixed assets	126,533		25,450	151,983	3	
Interest income	4,640		7,200	11,840)	
Interest on long-term debt	(3,884)			(3,884	4)	
Total non-operating income (expense)	127,289		32,650	159,939)	
Income (loss) before transfers:	48,107		359,163	407,270)	
Transfers in	160,219		-	160,219)	
Transfers out	(47,722)		(114,154)	(161,876	5)	
Change in net position	160,604		245,009	405,613	3	
Net position - beginning	1,607,573		457,928	2,065,501	<u>l</u>	
Net position - ending	\$ 1,768,177		702,937	\$ 2,471,114	<u>+</u>	

NORTH OGDEN CITY COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

						Total
			Po	olice Motor		Internal
	M	Iotor Pool		Pool	Sei	rvice Funds
Cash flows from operating activities:						
Cash received from customers - service	\$	6,563	\$	-	\$	6,563
Cash received from interfund services provided		473,287		560,000		1,033,287
Cash paid to suppliers		(66,855)		(109,351)		(176,206)
Cash paid to employees		(296,033)		-		(296,033)
Net cash provided (used) in operating activities		116,962		450,649		567,611
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:						
Interfund balances - transfer in/(out)		114,154		(114,154)		
Net cash provided (used) in noncapital						
financing activities		114,154		(114,154)		
Cash flows from capital and related						
financing activities:						
Cash from sale of fixed assets		262,450		31,500		293,950
Cash payments for capital assets		(332,702)		(87,838)		(420,540)
Cash payments for long-term debt principal		(39,194)		-		(39,194)
Cash payments for long-term debt interest		(4,893)		-		(4,893)
Cash payments for leases		(30,744)		-		(30,744)
Cash flows provided (used) in capital and related						
financing activities		(145,083)		(56,338)		(201,421)
Cash flows from investing activities:						
Cash received from interest earned		4,640		7,200		11,840
Net cash provided (used) in investing activities		4,640		7,200		11,840
Not increase (de aveces) in each		90,673		207 257		279 020
Net increase (decrease) in cash		90,073		287,357		378,030
Cash balance, beginning		86,768		61,665		148,433
Cash balance, ending	\$	177,441	\$	349,022	\$	526,463
Cash reported on the statement of net position:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	177,441	\$	349,022	\$	526,463
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	177,441	\$	349,022	\$	526,463

NORTH OGDEN CITY COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Continued) INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

						Total	
			Po	lice Motor		Internal	
	M	Iotor Pool		Pool	Service Funds		
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) in Operating Activities:							
Net operating income (expense)	\$	(79,182)	\$	326,513	\$	247,331	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income or (loss) to net cash provided (used) in operating activities:							
Depreciation and amortization		205,413		126,271		331,684	
Pension expense adjustment		(14,104)		-		(14,104)	
Changes in assets and liabilities:							
(Increase) decrease in inventory		2,665		-		2,665	
(Increase) decrease in receivables		(567)		-		(567)	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payables		(6,508)		(2,135)		(8,643)	
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities		6,089		-		6,089	
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		3,156				3,156	
Net cash provided (used) in operating activities	\$	116,962	\$	450,649	\$	567,611	
Noncash capital and related financing activities:							
Intangible asset additions from lease obligations	\$	238,705	\$	-	\$	238,705	

NORTH OGDEN CITY SUPPLEMENTARY REPORTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NORTH OGDEN CITY SUPPLEMENTARY REPORTS TABLE OF CONTENTS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Page
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements	
Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	1
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance and Report on Internal Control over Compliance as Required by the <i>State Compliance Audit Guide</i>	3
Correspondence with Those Charged with Governance	5



RANDEL A HEATON, CPA LYNN A. GILBERT, CPA JAMES A. GILBERT, CPA BEN H PROBST, CPA RONALD J. STEWART, CPA

SIDNEY S. GILBERT, CPA JAMES E. STEWART, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council North Ogden City North Ogden, Utah

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the North Ogden City (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 12, 2023.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the North Ogden City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency* in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe that a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control which might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatements, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instance of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report in an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Gilbert & Stewart

GILBERT & STEWART, CPA PC Provo, Utah December 12, 2023



RANDEL A HEATON, CPA LYNN A. GILBERT, CPA JAMES A. GILBERT, CPA BEN H PROBST, CPA RONALD J. STEWART, CPA

SIDNEY S. GILBERT, CPA JAMES E. STEWART, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE AS REQUIRED BY THE STATE COMPLIANCE AUDIT GUIDE

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council North Ogden City South Jordan, Utah

Report On Compliance

We have audited the North Ogden City's ("the City") compliance with the applicable state compliance requirements described in the *State Compliance Audit Guide*, issued by the Office of the State Auditor, that could have a direct and material effect on the City for the year ended June 30, 2023.

State compliance requirements were tested for the year ended June 30, 2023 in the following areas:

Budgetary Compliance
Fund Balance
Fraud Risk Assessment
Justice Court
Restricted Taxes and Related Revenues
Government Fees
Open and Public Meetings Act

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the state requirements referred to above.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit of the state compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *State Compliance Audit Guide*. Those standards and the *State Compliance Audit Guide* require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the state compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a state compliance requirement occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each state compliance requirement referred to above. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance with those requirements.

Opinion on Compliance

In our opinion, the North Ogden City, complied, in all material respects, with the state compliance requirements referred to above for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the City's internal control over compliance with the compliance requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the City to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance with state compliance requirements and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the *State Compliance Audit Guide*, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a state compliance requirement on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a general state compliance requirement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a state compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the *State Compliance Audit Guide*. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Gilbert & Stewart GILBERT & STEWART, CPA PC Provo, Utah December 12, 2023



RANDEL A HEATON, CPA LYNN A. GILBERT, CPA JAMES A. GILBERT, CPA BEN H PROBST, CPA RONALD J. STEWART, CPA

SIDNEY S. GILBERT, CPA JAMES E. STEWART, CPA

Honorable Mayor and City Council And those charged with Governance of the City North Ogden City North Ogden, UT

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of North Ogden City for the year ended June 30, 2023. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our letter to you dated August 22, 2023. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by North Ogden City are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during 2023. We noted no transactions entered into by the governmental unit during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimate affecting North Ogden City's financial statements was:

Management's estimate of the useful lives of depreciable assets, and the applicable depreciation amounts are based on estimated usefulness of the assets in question and the related wear and tear of those assets. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop these amounts in determining that they were reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. In addition, none of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to each opinion unit's financial statements taken as a whole.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated December 12, 2023.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the governmental unit's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the governmental unit's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

<u>Utah State Legal Compliance Findings – Current Year</u>

No Findings

Utah State Legal Compliance Findings – Prior Year

22-1 <u>Budgetary Compliance</u>

Finding: State law requires the City's total expenditure by fund or department do not exceed the amounts appropriated in the final adopt budget. We noted that the debt service department in the general fund exceeded the budgeted amount by \$44,579.

Current Status: In compliance.

This information is intended solely for the use of the City Council and management of North Ogden City and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Gilbert & Stewart

GILBERT & STEWART Certified Public Accountants Provo, Utah December 12, 2023